YEAR ENDING 2024

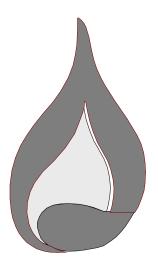
ANNUAL REPORT

NorthWestern Energy

(Townsend Propane)

GAS UTILITY

Docket 2025.01.001



TO THE
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
STATE OF MONTANA
1701 PROSPECT AVENUE
P.O. BOX 202601
HELENA, MT 59620-2601

Propane Annual Report

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Sch. 1	IDENTIFICATIO	N
1		
2	Legal Name of Respondent:	NorthWestern Corporation
3	•	·
4	Name Under Which Respondent Does Business:	NorthWestern Energy
5		
6	Date Utility Service First Offered in Montana:	Electricity - Dec 12, 1912
7		Natural Gas - Jan 01, 1933
8		Propane - Oct 13, 1995
9		
10	Person Responsible for Report:	Jeff B. Berzina
11		
12	Telephone Number for Report Inquiries:	(406) 497-2759
13		
14	Address for Correspondence Concerning Report:	11 East Park Street
15		Butte, MT 59701
16		
17 18		
	If direct control over respondent is held by another entity address, means by which control is held and percent ow entity: Respondent is a wholly-owned, direct subsidiary of North December 31, 2024, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. of respondent.	nership of controlling hWestern Energy Group, Inc. At

Sch. 2	BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
	Director's Name & Address (City, State)	Remuneration
1		
2	See NorthWestern Corporation's Annual Report FERC Form No. 1 page	
3	105 for our Corporate Board of Directors.	
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43		

Sch. 3		OFFICERS	
	Title	Department Supervised	Name
1 2 3	President and Chief Operating Officer	Executive	Brian Bird
4 5 6 7 8	Vice President, General Counsel and Federal Government Affairs	Legal Services Corporate Secretary Risk Management Contracts Federal Governmental Affairs	Shannon Heim
9 10 11	Vice President, Asset Management & Business Development	Asset and Project Management Business Development and Strategic Support	Bleau LaFave
12 13 14 15 16	Vice President, Distribution	Distribution Operations - MT/SD/NE Construction Substation Operations Wildfire Operations	Jason Merkel
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Vice President, Transmission	Transmission Planning, Engineering, Construction, and Operations Gas Transmission & Storage Transmission Policy, Services, and Operations Transmission Market Strategy Grid Real Time and Scada Operations FERC and NERC Compliance Support Services	Michael Cashell
27 28 29 30 31 32	Vice President, Supply and Montana Government Affairs	Thermal and Wind Generation Hydro Operations Environmental and Lands Permitting & Compliance Long Term Resources Energy Supply Marketing Operations Montana Government Affairs	John Hines
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Vice President, Customer Care, Communications and Human Resources	Brand, Advertising, and Customer Communications Customer Experience and Support Customer Interaction Community Connections Revenue Cycle Management Human Resources Safety/Health/Environmental Services DSM and Energy Efficiency Sustainability	Bobbi Schroeppel
44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	Tax, Internal Audit and Compliance Financial Planning & Analysis Controller and Treasury Functions Investor Relations and Corporate Finance Flight Services Regulatory Affairs Governmental Affairs - Nebraska and South Dakota Enterprise Risk and Business Continuity	Crystal Lail
53 54 55 56 57 58 59	Vice President, Technology	Business Technology Customer Systems & Solutions Data & Analytics Operation Technology Security	Jeanne Vold
	eflects active officers as of December 31, 2024		

Sch. 4	CORPORATE STRUCTURE			
Subsidiary/Company Name	Line of Business	Ear	nings (000)	% of Total
Regulated Operations (Jurisdictional & Non-Jurisdictional)		\$	180,078	100.00 %
NorthWestern Corporation:				
Montana Utility Operations Unregulated Operations	Electric Utility Natural Gas Utility Natural Gas Pipeline (including Canadian Montana Pipeline Corp., Havre Pipeline Company, LLC Lodge Creek Pipelines, LLC and Willow Creek Gathering, LLC) Propane Utility	\$	_	- %
Direct Subsidiaries:				
Clark Fork and Blackfoot, LLC	Former Milltown hydroelectric facility			
Total Corporation		\$	180,078	100.00 %

. 5		CORPORATE ALLOCA	ATIONS			
				\$ to MT EI &		
	Departments Allocated	Description of Services	Allocation Method	Gas Utilities	MT %	\$ to Other
2						
3 4	Executive Department	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	\$4,885,116	78.10 %	\$1,369,656
5		CEO and Board of Directors	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
8	Legal Department	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	27,628,155	83.94 %	5,285,028
9 10		Chief Legal and Risk Management	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
11 12	Regulatory Affairs	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	1,526,618	65.08 %	819,042
13 14		Regulatory Affairs MT, SD & NE Public and Regulatory Affairs	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
15 16	Finance	Includes the following departments: CFO, Treasury, FP&A	Overhead costs not charged directly are	20,747,534	80.35 %	5,073,321
17	i mance	Tax , Investor Relations, Corporate Aircraft,	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula	20,747,334	00.33 70	3,073,32
18 17		and Compensation & Benefits	consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
18 17	Controller	Includes the following departments: Controller, Accounting Accounts Payable, Payroll, Financial Reporting & Regulatory Affairs Finance	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula	5,805,939	80.07 %	1,445,15
18 19			consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
20 21	Audit & Controls	Includes the following departments: Internal Audit and Enterprise Risk Management	Overhead costs not charged directly are typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula	1,016,574	79.00 %	270,229
22 23		The many date and Emorphise ratio management	consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
24	Business Technology	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	22,500,547	79.32 %	5,864,51
25 26		Applications, Architecture, Governance	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
27 28	Corporate Facilities	Includes the following departments:	Overhead costs not charged directly are	82,179	31.27 %	180,603
29 30		Sioux Falls Facilities and Helena Building	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
31			consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
32	Customer Care	Includes the following departments: Customer Care Combined, Customer Care SD&NE	Overhead costs not charged directly are	25,464,061	75.57 %	8,231,99
33 34		CC MT, CC - Assoc & Dispatch, Business Develop and Regulatory Support Human Resources, Print Services and Charitable Contributions	typically allocated based on a 3-factor formula consisting of gross plant, labor, and margin.			
35 36						
37 38						
39						
40 TOT	AL			\$ 109,656,723	79.35 %	\$ 28,539

Sch. 6	AFFIL	IATE TRANSACTIONS - PRODUCTS	& SERVICES PROVIDED TO UTILIT	Υ		
				Charges	% of Total	Charges
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Utility	Affil. Rev.	to MT Utility
1						
2	Nonutility Affiliates					
3	NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.	Board of Director Fees	Actual Expense	\$ 1,400,076		\$ 1,400,076
4 T	otal Nonutility Affiliates			\$1,400,076		\$1,400,076
6						
7						
8						
9	Utility Affiliates					
10	Havre Pipeline Company, LLC	Natural gas gathering,	Gathering rate based on cost,	2,158,465		
11		transmission, & compression	transmission & compression			
12			are at tariffed rates			
13 T	otal Utility Affiliates			\$2,158,465		\$0
14 T	OTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS	·		\$3,558,541		\$1,400,076

. 7	AFFI	LIATE TRANSACTIONS - PROI	DUCTS & SERVICES PROVIDED B	Y UTILITY		
				Charges	% of Total	Revenues
	Affiliate Name	Products & Services	Method to Determine Price	to Affiliate	Affil. Exp.	to MT Utility
1						
2	Nonutility Affiliates					
3	NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.	Labor and Benefits	Actual Expense	\$ 49,800	4.40 %	\$ 49,800
4						
5						
6	Total Nonutility Affiliates			\$49,800		\$49,80
8						
9						
10						
11	Utility Affiliates					
12						
13	Havre Pipeline Company, LLC	Administration Fee	Negotiated Contract Rate	511,733	15.20 %	511,73
	Havre Pipeline Company, LLC NorthWestern Energy Public Service	Labor Cost	Actual Expense	1,293,304	38.40 %	1,293,30
15	Corporation	Labor Cost	Actual Expense	39,301,336	56.50 %	\$ 39,301,336
16	Total Utility Affiliates		<u> </u>	41,106,373		\$ 41,106,373
17						
18	TOTAL AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS			41,156,173		\$ 41,156,173

PROPANE		MONTANA	UTIL	TY INCOME	STATEM	ENT - F	ROF	PANE		
		Account Number & Title		This Year ons. Utility	No Jurisdic Adjustn	tional	ı	This Year Montana	Last Year Montana	% Change
1 2 3	400	Operating Revenues	\$	996,032	\$	_	\$	996,032	\$ 1,148,174	(13.25)%
4	Total Ope	erating Revenues		996,032		_		996,032	1,148,174	(13.25)%
5 6 7		Operating Expenses								
8	401	Operation Expense		818,602		_		818,602	939,899	(12.91)%
9	402	Maintenance Expense		18,912		_		18,912	32,695	(42.16)%
10	403	Depreciation Expense		46,089		_		46,089	40,901	12.68 %
11	407.3	Regulatory Debits		_		_		_	_	-
12	408.1	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		45,347		_		45,347	46,455	(2.39)%
13	409.1	Income Taxes-Federal		14,474				14,474	21,911	(33.94)%
14		-Other		4,988				4,988	7,553	(33.96)%
15	410.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Dr.		(16,191)		_		(16,191)	(11,944)	(35.56)%
16	411.1	Deferred Income Taxes-Cr.		_		_		_	_	-
17										
18	Total Ope	erating Expenses		932,221		_		932,221	1,077,470	(13.48)%
19	NET OPE	RATING INCOME	\$	63,811	\$		\$	63,811	\$ 70,704	(9.75)%

This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, subsidiaries are presented using the equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1.

Schedule 8

PROPANE		MONTANA REV	ENUES - PROPA	NE		
			Non			
		This Year	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year	
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Change
1						
2	Sales to Ultimate Consumers					
3						
4	440 Residential	\$ 556,691	\$	\$ 556,691	\$ 646,004	(13.83)%
5	442 Commercial & Industrial-Small	439,341	-	\$ 439,341	502,170	(12.51)%
6						
7	Total Sales to Ultimate Consumers	996,032	_	996,032	1,148,174	(13.25)%
8						
9	447 Sales for Resale	_		_	_	-
10						
11	Total Sales of Propane	996,032	_	996,032	1,148,174	(13.25)%
12						
13	449.1 Provision for Rate Refunds	-		_	_	-
14						
15	Total Revenue Net of Rate Refunds	996,032	_	996,032	1,148,174	(13.25)%
16						
17	Miscellaneous Revenues	-	-	_	_	-
18						
19	Total Other Operating Revenue	_	_	_	_	-
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 996,032	\$ —	\$ 996,032	\$ 1,148,174	(13.25)%

. 10	MONTANA OPERATION & MAINTENANCE EXPENSES - PROPANE									
			Non							
		This Year	Jurisdictional	This Year	Last Year					
	Account Number & Title	Cons. Utility	Adjustments	Montana	Montana	% Chang				
1	Supply Expenses									
2	Other Propane Supply Expense-Operation									
3	804 Purchases	s —	\$ _	\$	\$ _	_				
4	805 Other Propane Purchases	79,393	_	79,393	84,555	(6.10				
5	807 Purchased Propane Expense	70,000		7 3,000	04,000	(0.10				
6	808 Propane Withdrawn from Storage	652 602	1 -	652 602	700 609	/10.20				
7		652,602	_	652,602	799,698	(18.39				
	809 Propane Delivered to Storage	724 005	_	724.005	004.050	- (47.0)				
8	Total Supply Expenses	731,995		731,995	884,253	(17.22				
9	Storage Expenses									
10	Other Storage-Operation									
11	840 Operation Supervision & Engineering	_	_	_	_	-				
12	841 Operation Labor & Expenses	_	-	_	-	-				
13	842.3 Gas Losses	33,078	_	33,078	21,497	53.87				
14	Total Operation-Other Storage	33,078	_	33,078	21,497	53.87				
15										
16	Other Storage-Maintenance									
17	847 Maintenance Storage Expenses	_	_	_	_	_				
18	Total Maintenance-Other Storage	_	_	_	_	-				
19	Total Storage Expenses	33,078	_	33,078	21,497	53.87				
20	Distribution Expenses	00,070		00,070	21,107	00.01				
	Distribution-Operation									
22	870 Supervision & Engineering									
			_		_	-				
23	874 Mains & Service	675	_	675		-				
24	878 Meter & House Regulators	38,608	_	38,608	19,404	98.97				
25	879 Customer Installation	1,105	_	1,105	1,521	(27.35				
26	880 Other	2,021		2,021	2,014	0.35				
27	Total Operation-Distribution	42,409		42,409	22,939	84.88				
28	Distribution-Maintenance									
29	885 Maintenance Superv. & Eng.	_	-	-	-	-				
30	887 Maintenance of Mains	18,463	-	18,463	31,798	(41.94				
31	892 Maint. of Services	130	_	130	217	(40.09				
32	893 Maint. of Meters & House Regulators	319	_	319	621	(48.63				
33	894 Maintenance of Other Equipment	_	_	_	60	(100.00				
34	Total Maintenance-Distribution	18,912	_	18,912	32,696	(42.16				
35	Total Distribution Expenses	61,321	_	61,321	55,635	10.22				
36	,	,		- /-	,					
37	Customer Accounts Expenses									
	Customer Accounts-Operation									
39	901 Supervision									
40	902 Meter Reading	_	_	_	35	(100.00				
-	9	400	_	100	35	(100.00				
41	903 Customer Records & Collection Expense	102		102						
	Total Customer Accounts Expenses	102		102	35	191.43				
43	·									
	Admin. & General - Operation									
45	920 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-				
46	921 Office Supplies & Expenses	-	–	-	-	-				
47	923 Outside Services	-	–	-	-	-				
48	925 Injuries & Damages	_	_	-	-	-				
49	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits	11,018	_	11,018	11,175	(1.40				
50	928 Regulatory Commission Expense		_			- `				
	Total Operation-Admin. & General	11,018	<u> </u>	11,018	11,175	(1.4)				
	•	11,010	_	11,010	11,173	(1.4)				
53	935 General Plant	44.010		44.040		- /4 4				
	Total Admin. & General Expenses	11,018		11,018	11,175	(1.40				
55		\$ 837,514	1		\$ 972,595					
	TOTAL OPER. & MAINT. EXPENSES	\$ 837.514		\$ 837,514		(13.89				

PROPANE	MONTANA TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME - PROPANE					
	Description	This Year	Last Year	% Change		
1						
2	Taxes associated with Payroll/Labor	\$ 2,720	\$ 2,575	5.63 %		
3	Real Estate & Personal Property	40,236	41,125	(2.16)%		
4	Consumer Counsel	299	344	(13.08)%		
5	Public Service Commission	2,092	2,411	(13.23)%		
6						
7	TOTAL TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	\$ 45,347	\$ 46,455	(2.39)%		

Sch. 12	PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/					
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total			
,	A EVOAVATION	Formulation Contractor	004 704			
	A EXCAVATION	Excavation Contractor	261,701			
	ABSOLUTAIRE, INC ACRT, INC	HVAC Consulting	125,135 336,354			
		Consulting Services				
	AFFCO INC	Hydro Construction Services	2,830,609			
	ALERTWEST INC	Security Services	108,878			
6	AMERICAN INNOVATIONS INC	Software Support Services	120,135			
/	ANDRITZ HYDRO CORP	Hydro Upgrade Services	2,899,165			
8	ARCADIS US INC	Engineering Services	1,675,886			
9	ARCOS LLC	Call-out Services	163,709			
	ASCEND ANALYTICS LLC	Hydro Expert Analysis	378,526			
	ASPLUNDH TREE EXPERT LLC	Tree Trimming	7,629,399			
	ASSOCIATED UNDERWATER SERVICE	Inspection Services	143,767			
	AVEVA SOFTWARE, LLC	Computer Support Services	285,729			
	BART ENGINEERING COMPANY	Engineering Services	664,833			
	BASELOAD POWER GENERATION PARTS Total	Engineering Services	475,606			
	BEACON COMMUNICATIONS LLC	Software Maintenance	902,828			
	BIG HORN WIRELINE, LLC Total	Storage	534,597			
18	BILLINGS FLYING SERVICE, INC.	Powerline Services	81,950			
19	BISON ENGINEERING INC	Engineering Services	482,608			
20	BLUE MOUNTAIN DIRECTIONAL DRI	Boring Services	1,750,357			
21	BRY ENTERPRISE Total	Road Bore Services	476,671			
22	BURK EXCAVATION AND UTILITIES	Construction	1,773,504			
23	CATERPILLAR POWER GENERATION	Generation Services	11,452,834			
24	CENTRON SERVICES INC	Customer Collection service	78,467			
25	CHARLOTTE ST. ADVISORS, LLC Total	Tactical Planning Prof Services	622,725			
26	CHAZNLINE, LLC Total	Heavy Haul Services	1,479,980			
27	CN UTILITY CONSULTING INC	Utility Consulting Services	312,382			
28	CONTINENTAL STEEL WORKS	Fabrication Services	3,601,852			
29	CRIST, KROGH, BUTLER & NORD L	Legal Services	367,635			
30	CROWLEY FLECK PLLP	Legal Services	218,196			
31	CTA INC.	Energy Conservation Consultants	1,326,989			
32	DAVEY RESOURCE GROUP, INC	Surveying Services	158,610			
	DAVEY TREE SURGERY COMPANY	Tree Trimming	5,880,940			
	DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP	Audit Services	1,790,953			
	DEPT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVIC	Weatherization Program Services	2,018,371			
	DIETZEL ENTERPRISES INC	Construction	518,225			
	DJ&A P C CONSULTING ENGINEER	Surveying Services	183,117			
	DNV ENERGY SERVICES USA INC Total	Commercial Lighting program	6,169,892			
	DOBLE ENGINEERING CO	Maintenance Service	122,499			
	DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP	Legal Services	961,107			
	DOWL HKM	Geotechnical Services	136,916			
	E SOURCE COMPANIES LLC	Consulting Services	168,680			
	ELM LOCATING & UTILITY SERVIC	Locating Services Locating Services and Excavation Notifications	6,153,175			
	ENERGY CONTRACT SERVICES LLC	Inspection Services	2,936,634			
	ENERGY CONTRACT SERVICES LLC ENERGY SHARE OF MONTANA	USBC Services	2,936,634 485,307			
	EOCENE ENVIROMENTAL GROUP	Environmental Services	405,307 888,698			
	FAGEN, INC					
		Construction	28,333,410			
	FLYNN WRIGHT INC	Advertising Services	2,756,110			
	FOOTHILLS RIG SERVICE	Well Services	81,061			
	GARTNER INC	Information Technology Consulting	659,611			
	GE ENERGY MANAGEMENT SERVICES, LLC Total	E-Terra Source Upgrade Assist	833,420			
	GEI CONSULTANTS INC	Environmental Consultants	438,758			
	GENERAL ELECTRIC INTERNATIONA	Plant Operator Services	4,769,233			
	GEOSPATIAL INNOVATIONS INC	GSI Services & Maintenance	322,088			
	GREGG ENGINEERING	Informational Technology Simulation	107,345			
	GUY TABACCO CONSTRUCTION	Construction	198,991			
	H2E INC	Engineering Services	642,756			
58	HARDY CONSTRUCTION CO	Construction	2,467,729			

Sch. 12A	Sch. 12A PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/						
0011. 1271	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total				
	·						
61	HDR ENGINEERING INC	Engineering Services	6,413,893				
62	HEATH CONSULTANTS INC	Gas Leak Surveys	1,009,409				
63	HIGHMARK MEDIA	Safety Training	107,265				
64	HITACHI ENERGY USA INC Total	Engineering Consulting	871,100				
65	INTEC SERVICES INC	Pole Inspection Services	3,015,168				
66	ITRON INC	Meter Installation	27,189,449				
67	J D POWER AND ASSOCIATES	Energy Study	136,030				
68	J2 BUSINESS PRODUCTS	Copier Maintenance	219,056				
69	JACKSON CONTRACTOR GROUP	Construction	151,022				
70	JACKSON HOMES LLC	Construction	624,054				
71	JARES FENCE COMPANY INC	Fence Materials/Installation	160,552				
72	JEFFERY CONTRACTING LLC	Construction	879,895				
73	KARV LLC	Boring Services	186,421				
74	KELLERMEYER BERGENSONS SERVICES LLC Total	Cleaning Services	487,300				
75	LEARJET INC	Repair Services	415,618				
	LOCKMER PLUMBING HEATING &	Gas Meter Relocations	233,098				
	M&D CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	1,031,281				
	MERCER HUMAN RESOURCE CONSULT	HR Consulting	162,225				
	MERKEL ENGINEERING INC	Consulting Services	703,463				
80	MICHAELS FENCE & SUPPLY CO	Installation Services	81,539				
1	MICHELS CORPORATION	Construction	7,471,160				
	MINUTEMAN AVIATION INC.	Helicopter Charter Services	528,353				
	MONTANA FISH WILDLIFE & PARKS	Wildlife Monitoring Services	788,184				
	MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE	Debt Rating Services	302,000				
	MORRISON MAIERLE INC	Engineering Services	809,035				
	MOUNTAIN POWER CONSTRUCTION C	Electric Construction and Maintenance	21,935,062				
	MOUNTAIN WEST HOLDING COMPANY	Traffic Safety Services	511,641				
	NATIONAL CENTER FOR APPROPRIA	Conservation Program Consultants	872,857				
	NORTHWEST ENERGY EFFICIENCY	Energy Services	1,282,896				
1	OPEN ACCESS TECHNOLOGY INT'L	Software Support Services	750,764				
	PINNACLE RESEARCH & CONSULTING	Consulting Services	323,974				
	PL-ENERSERV, LLC	Construction	260,908				
	POTEET CONSTRUCTION	Traffic Safety Services	202.291				
	POTELCO INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	20,898,233				
	POWER SETTLEMENTS CONSULTING &	Consulting Services	213,271				
	POWERS HEATING LLC	Meter Installation	95,706				
	PRO PIPE CORPORATION	Welding Services	485,871				
	QUANTA UTILITY ENGINEERING	Engineering Services	7,765,723				
	RIVER DESIGN GROUP INC	Engineering Services	103,903				
	ROCKY MOUNTAIN CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	25,575,881				
	ROD TABBERT CONSTRUCTION INC	Construction	209,810				
	SCENIC CITY ENTERPRISES INC	Construction	97,393				
	SCHNABEL ENGINEERING LLC	Consulting Services	248,095				
	SHAW PIPELINE SERVICES INC Total	Pipeline Service Reroute	592,702				
	SIDEWINDERS LLC	Generator Repair Services	2,025,172				
	SOLAR TURBINES INC Total	Commissioning New Controls	1,083,808				
	SPHERION STAFFING	Temporary Labor	164,548				
	STANDARD & POOR'S FINANCIAL S	Debt Rating Services	143,370				
	STANDARD & POOR'S FINANCIAL'S STATE LINE CONTRACTORS INC	Electric Construction and Maintenance	850,784				
	STINSON LEONARD STREET LLP	Legal Services	898,373				
	SULLIVAN BROS. CONSTRUCTION INC Total	Boring Services	276,521				
	TBC CONSTRUCTION LLC Total		1,447,439				
	TERRA REMOTE SENSING (USA) INC	Pipeline Services	1,447,439				
		Surveying Services					
	THE MOSAIC COMPANY	Training	728,521				
	THOMPSON HINE LLP	Benefits Audit Services	109,782				
	TIMBERLINE SECURITY & SERVICES	Security Services	487,630				
117	TLC SEPTIC SERVICE	Excavation Contractor	397,401				

Sch. 12B	PAYMENTS FOR SERVICES TO PERSONS OTHER THAN EMPLOYEES 1/						
	Name of Recipient	Nature of Service	Total				
	TRADEMARK ELECTRIC INC	Construction	743,825				
	TROUTMAN SANDERS LLP	Legal Services	156,385				
	ULTIMATE LANDSCAPE REPAIR LLC	Landscape service	799,273				
	UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURV	Environmental Consulting	235,800				
1	UTILITIES UNDERGROUND LOCATION	Excavation Location Services	321,501				
	VAISALA INC	Wind Forecasting Services	163,944				
	VERTEX	Billing Services and Programming	2,862,854				
	VERTIV CORPORATION WATER & ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOL	Maintenance Service	272,931 447,405				
	WATER & ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOL WATSON TRUCKING OF HAVRE LLC	Engineering Services	154,120				
	WILLIAMSON FENCING & SPR.,INC.	Hauling Services Fence Materials/Installation	273,083				
	WILLIS TOWERS WATSON US LLC	Compensation Services	328,960				
	ZACHA UNDERGROUND CONSTRUCTIO	Construction	138,780				
134	2.1011/CHBEROROUND CONOTICOTIO	Constitution	100,700				
135							
136							
137							
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171							
172							
-	Total of Bours and a Oct Foods Abour		000 700 000				
	Total of Payments Set Forth Above		\$ 266,762,938				
	1/ This schedule includes payments for professional services over \$75,000.						

Sch. 13	POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEES / POL	ITICAL CONTRIBUT	TIONS	
	Description	Total Company	Montana	% Montana
1				
2				
] 3	There is one employee political action committee			
	(PAC):			
5				
1	a. NorthWestern Energy Montana Employee PAC for			
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
1	All of the money contributed by members is			
1	dedicated to support political candidates, state and			
1	local political party organizations, and ballot issues.			
	No company funds may be spent in support of a			
1	political candidate. Nominal administrative costs			
1	for such things as duplicating, postage, and			
	meeting expenses are paid by the company as			
	provided by law. These costs are charged to			
	shareholder expense.			
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
38				
39				
	TOTAL Contributions	\$ —	\$ —	— %

Sch. 14	Pension Costs 1/			
	Plan Name: NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan			
	Defined Benefit Plan? Yes	Defined Contribution Plan? No		
	Actuarial Cost Method? Projected Unit Credit	IRS Code: Is the Plan Over Funded? No		
5	Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable	is the Plan Over Funded? INO		
5	W	O	L4V	0/ 01
_	ltem	Current Year	Last Year	% Change
	Change in Benefit Obligation	407.005.070	474.047.050	(40.00)0
	Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 427,325,878	\$ 474,947,258	(10.03)%
1	Service cost	5,099,037		(0.11)%
	Interest cost	20,725,219	23,535,206	(11.94)%
	Plan participants' contributions	_	_	
1	Amendments			
	Actuarial (gain) loss	(26,780,061)		>-300.00%
1	Settlements	(848,500)	1	98.37 %
	Benefits paid	(20,718,964)	(26,554,142)	21.97 %
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 404,802,609	\$ 427,325,878	(5.27)%
l	Change in Plan Assets			
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 348,133,473	I to the second	(10.43)%
	Actual return on plan assets	8,025,978		(73.19)%
	Settlements	(848,500)		98.37 %
	Employer contribution	8,122,500	8,000,000	1.53 %
1	Plan participants' contributions	_	_	-
1	Benefits paid	(20,718,964)		21.97 %
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$ 342,714,487		(1.56)%
1	Funded Status	\$ (62,088,122)	\$ (79,192,405)	21.60 %
1	Unrecognized net actuarial gain (loss)	_	_	-
	Unrecognized prior service cost		_	-
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$ (62,088,122)	\$ (79,192,405)	21.60 %
1	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End			
1	Discount rate	5.60 %		12.00 %
1	Expected return on plan assets	6.65 %		3.26 %
	Rate of compensation increase	4.00% Union & 4.00% Non-Union	4.00% Union & 4.00% Non-Union	<u> </u>
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs			
	Service cost	\$ 5,099,037	., ., ., .,	(0.11)%
	Interest cost	20,725,219		(11.94)%
l	Expected return on plan assets	(22,585,531)	1	3.68 %
	Settlement (gain) loss recognized	_	4,394,595	(100.00)%
	Recognized net actuarial gain	33,810		(85.19)%
	Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis)	\$ 3,272,535	\$ 9,814,222	(66.66)%
	Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis)			
42	Pension Costs	\$ 8,122,500	I to the second	1.53 %
43	Pension Costs Capitalized	2,317,926		, , ,
44	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End	\$ (62,088,122)	\$ (79,192,405)	21.60 %
	Number of Company Employees:			
46	Covered by the Plan 1/	1,058		(21.92)%
47	Not Covered by the Plan 1/	1,124		4.75 %
48	Active 1/	349		(9.82)%
49	Retired	455		(33.58)%
50	Deferred Vested Terminated 1/	254	283	(10.25)%
ĺ	1/ This plan was closed to new entrants effective 10/03/08.			

21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 1/ 24 Funded Status 5 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 6 Unrecognized prior service cost 7 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 9 Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End 10 Discount rate 11 Expected return on plan assets 12 Rate of compensation increase 13 Expected return on plan assets 13 Expected return on plan assets 14 Interest cost 15 Expected return on plan assets 16 Interest cost 17 Expected return on plan assets 18 Amortization of prior service cost 19 Recognized net actuarial loss 10 Not Applicable 11 Expected return on plan assets 12 Expected return on plan assets 13 Expected return on plan assets 14 Expected return on plan assets 15 Expected return on plan assets 16 Interest cost 17 Expected return on plan assets 18 Amortization of prior service cost 19 Recognized net actuarial loss 10 Not Applicable 11 Expected return on plan assets 12 Expected return on plan assets 13 Expected return on plan assets 14 Expected return on plan assets 15 Expected return on plan assets 16 Interest cost 17 Expected return on plan assets 18 Expected return on plan assets 19 Recognized net actuarial loss 10 Not Applicable 10 Expected return on plan assets 11 Expected return on plan assets 12 Expected return on plan assets 13 Expected return on plan assets 15 Expected return on plan assets 16 Interest cost 17 Expected return on plan assets 18 Expected return on plan assets 18 Expected return on plan assets 19 Expected return on plan assets 10 Expected return on plan assets 18 Expected return on plan assets 18 Expected return on plan assets 19 Expected return on plan assets 10 Expected return on plan assets 10 Expected return on		
2 Defined Benefit Plan? No 3 Actuarial Cost Method? 7 M/A 4 Annual Contribution by Employer: Variable 5 Titlem Current Year 1 Service cost Service C		
Actuarial Cost Method? N/A RRS Code: 401(k) sthe Plan Over Funded? N/A Participants contribution by Employer: Variable Rem Current Year Last Year Remainded Participants Parti		
tem Current Year Last Year Change in Benefit Obligation Benefit Obligation at beginning of year Service cost In Plan participants' contributions In Amendments Actuarial loss Actuarial l		
Item		
Item		
Change in Benefit Colligation		% Chang
T Benefit obligation at beginning of year		70 Oriang
8 Service cost		0.00%
Interest cost Not Applicable		0.00%
10 Plan participants' contributions		0.00%
11 Amendments		0.0076
12 Actuarial loss 13 Acquisition 14 Benefit paid 15 Benefit paid 16 Change in Plan Assets 17 Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year 18 Actual return on plan assets 18 Actual return on plan assets 19 Acquisition 20 Employer contribution 21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 24 Funded Status 25 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 26 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 27 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 28 Period (accrued) benefit cost 29 Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End 30 Discount rate 31 Expected return on plan assets 32 Rate of compensation increase 33 Rate of compensation increase 34 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs 35 Service cost 36 Interest cost 36 Interest cost 37 Expected return on plan assets 38 Amortization of prior service cost 39 Recognized net actuarial loss 40 Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) 41 Very periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) 42 Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) 43 40f(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs 44 Not Applicable 45 Not Applicable 46 Number of Company Employees: 46 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End 47 Not Covered by the Plan 48 Active - Participating 49 Active - Participating 50 Refered	$\overline{}$	0.00%
13 Acquisition 14 Benefit paid 15 Benefit obligation at end of year \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		0.00%
14 Benefit paid		
15 Benefit obligation at end of year \$ \$ \$		0.00%
16 Change in Plan Assets 17 Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year 18 Actual return on plan assets 19 Acquisition 20 Employer contribution 11 Plan participants' contributions 21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 1/ 24 Funded Status 25 Unrecognized prior service cost 20 Unrecognized prior service cost 20 Unrecognized prior service cost 20 Unrecognized prior service cost 30 Discount rate 30 Discount rate 31 Expected return on plan assets 32 Rate of compensation increase 33 Ac or compensation increase 34 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs 35 Service cost 36 Interest cost 37 Expected return on plan assets 38 Amortization of prior service cost 40 Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) 41 42 Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) 43 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs 44 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End 46 Number of Company Employees: 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 48 Active - Participating 49 Active - Participating 50 Retired 51 Service cost 52 Service cost 53 Service cost 54 Service cost 55 Service cost 66 Service cost 76 Service cost 77 Service cost 8 Service cost 9 Ser	-	0.00%
17 Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year 18 Actual return on plan assets 19 Acquisition 20 Employer contribution 1/ \$ 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 19 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 10 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 10 14,659,033 \$ 13,2 10 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 10 14,659,033 \$ 1		0.00%
18 Actual return on plan assets 19 Acquisition 20 Employer contribution 21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 24 Funded Status 25 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 26 Unrecognized prior service cost 27 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost 28 29 Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End 30 Discount rate 31 Expected return on plan assets 32 Rate of compensation increase 33 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs 40 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs 50 Service cost 51 Expected return on plan assets 52 Recognized net actuarial loss 53 Service cost 54 Expected return on plan assets 55 Service cost 56 Interest cost 57 Expected return on plan assets 58 Service cost 59 Recognized net actuarial loss 50 Interest cost 50 Interest cost 50 Interest cost 51 Expected return on plan assets 54 Expected return on plan assets 55 Service cost 56 Interest cost 57 Expected return on plan assets 58 Service cost 59 Recognized net actuarial loss 60 Interest cost 61 Interest cost 61 Interest cost 62 Interest cost 63 Interest cost 64 Interest cost 65 Accomplated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End 66 Number of Company Employees: 70 Covered by the Plan 71 Expected return on plan asset (Liability) at Year End 72 Covered by the Plan 73 Expected return on plan asset (Liability) at Year End 74 Covered by the Plan 75 Expected return on plan asset (Liability) at Year End 75 Expected return on plan asset (Liability) at Year End 76 Return on plan asset (Liability) at Year End 77 Expected Pricipating 78 Expected Pricipating 79 Pricipating 70 Pricipating 70 Pricipating 71 Expected Pricipating 71 Expected Pricipating 71 Expected Pricipating 72 Expected Pricipating 73 Expected Pricipating 74 Expected Pricipating 75 Expected Pricipating 76 Pricipating 77 Expected Pricipating 78 Expected Pricipating 79 Pricipating 70 Pricipating 70 Pricipating 70 Pricipating 71 Expected Pr		
19 Acquisition 20 Employer contribution 1/ \$ 14,659,033 \$ 13.2 21 Plan participants' contributions 22 Benefits paid 23 Fair value of plan assets at end of year 1/ 24 Funded Status 25 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 26 Unrecognized net actuarial loss 30 Unrecognized prior service cost 30 Unrecognized prior service cost 31 Expected return on plan assets 32 Rate of compensation increase 33 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs 35 Service cost 36 Interest cost 37 Expected return on plan assets 38 Amortization of prior service cost 39 Recognized net actuarial loss 40 Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) 41 Very proper service cost 42 Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) 43 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End 46 Number of Company Employees: 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 48 Not Covered by the Plan - Eligible 49 Active - Participating 40 Retired		0.00%
Employer contribution		0.00%
Plan participants' contributions Benefits paid Benefits		0.00%
Benefits paid Sair value of plan assets at end of year	1,496	10.96
Fair value of plan assets at end of year		0.00%
Survice Content of Periodic Benefit Costs Survice Cost Survi		0.00%
Unrecognized net actuarial loss 0 0 0		0.00%
Unrecognized prior service cost 0		
27 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost \$		0.00%
27 Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost \$		0.00%
28 Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	\equiv	0.00%
Not Applicable Not Applicable		
Discount rate Stypected return on plan assets Service cost		
Expected return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Service cost	— %	0.00%
Rate of compensation increase	— %	0.00%
33 34 Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs Not Applicable	- %	0.00%
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs Not Applicable	-/0	0.007
35 Service cost		
Interest cost	$\overline{}$	0.00%
37 Expected return on plan assets		
38		0.00%
Recognized net actuarial loss		
Net periodic benefit cost (SEC Basis) \$		0.00%
41 42 Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) 43 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs \$ 11,611,162 \$ 10,3 44 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized 2,936,990 2,6 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Not Applicable 46 Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 1,579 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired Retired 1,579		0.00%
42 Montana Intrastate Costs: (MPSC Regulatory Basis) 43 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs \$ 11,611,162 \$ 10,3 444 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized 2,936,990 2,6 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Not Applicable 46 Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 2/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired 1,579		0.00%
43 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs \$ 11,611,162 \$ 10,3 44 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized 2,936,990 2,6 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 46 Number of Company Employees: 3/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired		
44 401(k) Plan Defined Contribution Costs Capitalized 2,936,990 2,6 45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Not Applicable 46 Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 1,579 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired		
45 Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End Not Applicable 46 Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired		12.17
46 Number of Company Employees: 2/ 2/ 47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired 1,590	26,496	11.82 9
47 Covered by the Plan - Eligible 1,590 48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired		
48 Not Covered by the Plan 49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired		
49 Active - Participating 1,579 50 Retired	1,571	1.21 %
50 Retired		0.00%
	1,565	0.89 %
51 Vested Former Employees, Retirees and Active-		0.00%
	424	1.65 %
52 Noncontributing		
1/ This plan covers all NorthWestern Corporation employees.		

	Item	Current Year	Last Year	% Change			
1	Regulatory Treatment:						
2	Commission authorized - most recent						
3	Docket number: 2022.07.078						
4	Order number: 7860y						
5	Amount recovered through rates	\$ (390,861)	\$ 475,268	(182.24)%			
6	Weighted-average Assumptions as of Year End	1/	2/				
7	Discount rate	5.45 %	4.90 %	11.22 %			
8	Expected return on plan assets	5.84 %	5.62 %	3.91 %			
9	Medical Cost Inflation Rate 3/	5.00% fixed rate annually	5.00% fixed rate annually				
10	Actuarial Cost Method		rial Cost Method, Allocated to Full Eligibility Date				
11	Rate of compensation increase	4.00% Union & 4.00% Non- Union	4.00% Union & 4.00% Non- Union				
12	List each method used to fund OPEBs (ie: VEBA, 401(h)) and	d if tax advantaged:					
13	Union Employees - VEBA - Yes, tax advantaged						
14	Non-Union Employees - 401(h) - Yes, tax advantaged						
15	Describe any Changes to the Benefit Plan:						
16							
	 Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2024 FASB are as of December 31, 2024. 	106 Valuation. Assumptions	and data				
2/ Obtained from NorthWestern Energy-Montana's 2023 FASB 106 Valuation. Assumptions and data are as of December 31, 2023.							
	3/ First Year, Ultimate, Years to Reach Ultimate.						

	Item		Current Year	Last Year	% Change
1	Number of Company Employees:		, -		
2	Covered by the Plan				0.00
3	Not Covered by the Plan				0.00
	Active				0.0
5	Retired				0.0
6	Spouses/Dependents covered by the Plan				0.00
7	Montana 4/	•		•	
8	Change in Benefit Obligation				
9	Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	10,598,133	\$ 12,070,609	(12.20)%
	Service cost		251,843	272,534	(7.59)%
	Interest Cost		456,347	553,883	(17.61)%
	Plan participants' contributions		1,109,234	1,383,742	(19.84)%
	Amendments				-
	Actuarial loss/(gain)		(1,803,657)	(820,734)	(119.76)%
	Acquisition				-
	Benefits paid		(2,272,247)	(2,861,901)	20.60 %
	Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	8,339,653	\$ 10,598,133	(21.31)%
	Change in Plan Assets		00 000 455	00.055.5	44.04.04
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	22,309,163	\$ 20,055,071	11.24 %
	Actual return on plan assets		3,177,129	3,334,030	(4.71)%
	Acquisition		440.047	200 204	- 10.74.0/
	Employer contribution		448,847	398,221	12.71 %
	Plan participants' contributions Benefits paid		1,109,234 (2,272,247)	1,383,742 (2,861,901)	(19.84)%
	· ·	\$	24,772,126	\$ 22,309,163	20.60 % 11.04 %
	Fair value of plan assets at end of year Funded Status	\$		\$ 22,309,163	40.32 %
	Unrecognized net transition (asset)/obligation	٩	10,432,473	11,711,030	40.32 %
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		_	_	_
	Unrecognized riet actualian loss/(gain)				_
	Prepaid (accrued) benefit cost	\$	16,432,473	\$ 11,711,030	40.32 %
	Components of Net Periodic Benefit Costs	Ť	10,102,110	11,111,000	10.02 /0
	Service cost	s	251,843	\$ 272,534	(7.59)%
	Interest cost	l'	456,347	553,883	(17.61)%
34	Expected return on plan assets		(1,279,870)	(1,096,381)	(16.74)%
	Amortization of transitional (asset)/obligation				-
36	Amortization of prior service cost		_	116,071	(100.00)%
37	Recognized net actuarial loss/(gain)		_	79,270	(100.00)%
38	Net periodic benefit cost	\$	(571,680)	\$ (74,623)	>-300.00%
39	Accumulated Post Retirement Benefit Obligation				
40	Amount Funded through VEBA	\$	_	\$	-
	Amount Funded through 401(h)		_	-	-
42	Amount Funded through other - Company funds		448,847	398,221	12.71 %
43	TOTAL	\$	448,847	\$ 398,221	12.71 %
	Amount that was tax deductible - VEBA	\$	_	\$ _	-
	Amount that was tax deductible - 401(h)		_	-	-
46	Amount that was tax deductible - Other		(390,861)	475,268	(182.24)%
	TOTAL	\$	(390,861)	\$ 475,268	(182.24)%
	Montana Intrastate Costs:			[
	Pension Costs	\$	(390,861)	· ·	(182.24)%
	Pension Costs Capitalized		(111,770)	120,833	(192.50)%
	Accumulated Pension Asset (Liability) at Year End		16,432,473	11,711,030	40.32 %
	Number of Montana Employees:				,
	Covered by the Plan		1,030	1,151	(10.51)%
	Not Covered by the Plan		1,664	1,655	0.54 %
	Active		341	376	(9.31)%
	Retired		633	718	(11.84)%
57	Spouses/Dependents covered by the Plan	1 1111 1 1 2 2	56	. 57	(1.75)%
	4/ There are approximately \$2,386,168 and \$3,109,816 of a			•	
	December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, for other compa	ıny suppleme	ental retirement agreem	ients, in	
	addition to what is reflected for Montana above.				

SCHEDULE 16 TOP TEN MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

Note: This schedule includes the ten most highly compensated employees assigned or allocated to Montana that are not already included on Sch 17. Total Compensation Reported Last Year % Increase Total Name/Title Base Salary 1/ Bonuses **Total Compensation** No. Compensation 36,777 B 65,827 C Michael R. Cashell 340,729 193,597 A 850,896 782,566 8.7 % Vice President, Transmission 213,966 D — E 68,159 B 54,075 C Jeanne M. Vold 2 Vice President, Technology 277,409 146,160 A 720,020 576,267 24.9 % 148,689 D 14,999 E 10,529 F 64,077 B Bleau J. LaFave 50,003 C Vice President, Asset Management & Business Development 125,014 D 3 264,620 140,940 A 9,142 E 666,801 430,401 54.9 % 10,097 F 2,776 G 132 H 35,188 B 51,002 C Jason Merkel 127,518 D 273.656 166,518 A 664,447 608.564 9.2 % 4 Vice President, Distribution 7,169 E 3,213 G 183 H Jeffrey Berzina Controller 59,843 B 103,557 D 5 266,360 124,884 A 554,644 468.217 18.5 % 43,420 B Cynthia Fang Vice President, Regulatory 2,935 G 6 177,077 Α 492.697 465,414 5.9 % 21,338 I 6,927 J 241,000 K 59,452 B Michael L. Nieman 65,440 D 7 266,926 77,971 A 481,088 458,426 4.9 % Chief Audit & Compliance Officer 11,299 E 57,247 B Travis E. Meyer 69,009 D 244,167 80,014 463,676 384,933 20.5 % Director, Corporate Development & Investor Relations Officer 5,318 E 7,921 F 58.597 B Emilie Ng 53,748 D 9 224,448 52,878 Α 398,715 346,041 15.2 %

9,044 E

54,519 B

52,969 D

264 H

390,085

358,774

218,324

64,009 Α

Treasurer

Timothy P. Olson

Counsel Corporate & Corporate Secretary Sr

10

8.7 %

TOD TEN MONTANA	COMPENSATED EI	MDI OVEES (ASSIGNE	D OP ALLOCATED)

			D EMPLOYEES	(1			
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary 1/	Bonuses 2/	Other 3/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation	
1	" =							
2								
3	A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation includes am	•						
4	Incentive Compensation Plan. Amounts were earned in 2							
5 6	performance against plan, the incentive plan was funded	•	•		•			
7	on historic test year costs, which are reviewed by the Mo		Jounsel, other pa	arties, and MPSC	statt in a general rate i	eview.		
8	There is no specific recovery of these or most other expe	nises.						
9	2/ All Other Compensation for named employees consists of tl	ne following:						
10	2. The Other Compensation for humor employees consists of the	ic following.						
11	B> Employer contributions to benefits generally available	to all employees of	on a nondiscrimi	natory basis - me	dical.			
12	dental, vision, employee assistance program, group term			•	,			
13	401(k) match, and non-elective 401(k) contribution, as an	-						
14		-						
15	C> Defined Contribution Supplemental Executive Retiren	nent Program						
16								
17	D> Values reflect the grant date fair value for performance	e stock awards. E	xecutive stock b	ased compensat	ion is not included in rat	e recovery.		
18								
19	E> Change in pension value over previous year. The pre	esent value of accu	umulated benefit	s was calculated				
20	assuming benefits commence at age 65 and using the di							
21	payment form consistent with those disclosed in the Note			atements				
22	in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended De	ecember 31, 2024.						
23								
24 25	Actual Change in Pension Value Mike Cashell	(12.466)						
26	Jeanne Vold	(13,466) 14,999						
27	Bleau LaFave	9,142						
28	Jason Merkel	7,169						
29	Jeff Berzina	7,105						
30	Cynthia Fang	_						
31	Michael Nieman	11,299						
32	Travis Meyer	5,318						
33	Emilie Ng	9,044						
34	Timothy Olson	_						
35								
36	F> Vacation sold back during the year at 75 percent of the	e rate of pay at the	e time of sellbacl	ζ.				
37	0.44							
38	G> Value of executive physical examination and associate	ted tax gross-up.						
39 40	Us Value of non-cook toy-bldd 1111							
41	H> Value of non-cash taxable award and associated tax	gross-up.						
42	I> Value of PTO payout							
43	12 Value of 1 10 payout							
44	J> Value of COBRA reimbursements							
45	- Jane S. GOD. C. Tollingui dell'intitio							
46	K> Severance Agreement							
47	5							
48	3/ Recovery of non-stock-based compensation is based on his	storic test year cos	ts, which are rev	iewed by the Mo	ntana Consumer Couns	el, other		
49	parties, and MPSC staff in a general rate review. There is n	-		-				
50								
51	Shareholders vote on executive compensation, and have consi-	stently approved a	bove 96%, most	recently 98.9%.				

SCHEDULE 17 TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED) Note: This schedule contains the five most highly compensated corporate officers who are assigned or allocated to Montana.

Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary 1/		2/	Other 3/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last	% Increase Total Compensation
							Year	•
1	Brian B. Bird President & Chief Executive Officer	873,077	1,044,000	Α	64,661 B 480,000 C 2,320,016 D 29,203 E 132 H	4,811,089	3,110,602	54.7 %
2	Crystal D. Lail Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	493,101	435,000	Α	57,247 B 142,313 C 592,947 D 6,161 E 13,367 F	1,740,136	1,257,244	38.4 %
3	Shannon M. Heim General Counsel & Vice President, Federal Government Affairs	364,615	171,680	Α	59,312 B 70,000 C 332,498 D — E 2,972 G	1,001,077	770,110	30.0 %
4	John D. Hines Vice President, Supply & Montana Government Affairs	341,065	193,597		37,311 B 66,077 C 214,745 D 71,969 E 5,123 F	929,887	784,041	18.6 %
5	Bobbi L. Schroeppel Vice President, Customer Care, Communications, & Human Resources	344,347	182,700	Α	68,131 B 65,800 C 213,843 D 16,836 E 800 I	892,457	735,583	21.3 %

TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)

	TOP FIVE MONTANA COMPENSATED EMPLOYEES (ASSIGNED OR ALLOCATED)								
Line No.	Name/Title	Base Salary 1/	Bonuses	2/	Other 3/	Total Compensation	Total Compensation Reported Last Year	% Increase Total Compensation	
1	1/ Bonuses include the following:								
2									
3 4	A> Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation		-		-	•			
5	incentive Compensation Flan. Amounts were	Incentive Compensation Plan. Amounts were earned in 2024 and paid in the first quarter of 2025. Based on company							
6	on historic test year costs, which are reviewed	d by the Montana	Consumer Co	ounse	l, other parties, ar	nd MPSC staff in a ge	neral rate review.		
7	There is no specific recovery of these or mos	t other expenses.							
8									
9	2/ All Other Compensation for named employees		-	nlovo	a an a nandiaarir	minatan/basis madi	and .		
10 11	B> Employer contributions to bene- dental, vision, employee assistance					•	cal,		
12	401(k) match, and non-elective 40°			ur ouv	ingo account, we	mood moonavo,			
13									
14	C> Defined Contribution Supplemental Execu	ıtive Retirement P	rogram						
15									
16 17	D> Values reflect the grant date fair value for	performance stoc	k awards. Ex	ecutiv	e stock based co	mpensation is not inc	luded in rate recover	y.	
18	E> Change in pension value over previous ye	ear. The present v	alue of accur	mulate	ed benefits was ca	alculated			
19	assuming benefits commence at age 65 and	•							
20	payment form consistent with those disclosed	in the Notes to th	e Consolidate	d Fin	ancial Statement	3			
21	in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the ye	ar ended Decemb	er 31, 2024.						
22 23	Actual Change in Renaion Value								
23	Actual Change in Pension Value Brian B. Bird	29,203							
25	Crystal D. Lail	6,161							
26	Shannon M. Heim	_							
27	John D. Hines	71,969							
28 29	Bobbi L. Schroeppel	16,836							
30	F> Vacation sold back during the year at 75 percent of the rate of pay at the time of sellback.								
31	1 > Valuation sout back during the year at 73 percent of the rate of pay at the time of semback.								
32	G> Value of executive physical examination and associated tax gross-up.								
33									
34	H> Value of non-cash taxable award and ass	sociated tax gross	-up.						
35 36	I> Imputed income for facilities								
37	- Impated income for facilities								
38	3/ Stock-based compensation is paid by sharehold	lers.							
39	Recovery of non-stock-based compensation is b		,				mer Counsel, other		
40	parties, and MPSC staff in a general rate review	. There is no spec	ific recovery	of the	se or most other	expenses.			
41 42	Shareholders vote on proposed executive comp	ensation on an an	nual basis du	rina a	ur charaboldor ~	eeting and have see	eietently approved at		
43	above 96%, most recently 98.9%.	onsauon on an an	iiuai vasis QU	iiiiy C	ui siiaiellülüel III	county, and have con	ooteniiy appioved at		
44	Our Chief Executive Officer's compensation is 8	0% at-risk. Overa	Il executive co	ompei	nsation is discuss	ed in the Compensat	ion Disclosure and		
45	Analysis section of our annual Proxy Statement.								
46									
47									

Sch. 18	BALANCE SHEET 1/				
- 5	Account Title	This Year	Last Year	Variance	% Change
1	Assets and Other Debits	Tillo Tour	Lust Tour	Variation	70 Onlange
2	Utility Plant				
3	101 Plant in Service	\$ 6,769,324,100	\$ 7,585,573,446	\$ (816,249,346)	(10.76)%
4	101.1 Property Under Capital Leases	40,943,217	41,127,257	(184,040)	(0.45)%
5	103 Experimental Electric Plant Unclassified	4,798,750	4,798,750	(101,010)	— %
6	105 Plant Held for Future Use	4,191,929	4,140,227	51,702	1.25 %
7	107 Construction Work in Progress	125,080,799	358,401,452		(65.10)%
8	108 Accumulated Depreciation Reserve	(2,244,952,173)	(2,675,309,658)		(16.09)%
9	108.1 Accumulated Depreciation - Capital Leases	(37,193,803)	(35,183,325)		5.71 %
10	111 Accumulated Amortization & Depletion Reserves	(116,083,491)	(106,740,672)		8.75 %
11	114 Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments	451,564,554	481,574,396	(30,009,842)	(6.23)%
12	115 Accumulated Amortization-Electric Plant Acq. Adj.	(91,524,576)	(92,378,300)	853,724	(0.92)%
13	116 Utility Plant Adjustments	263,806,234	357,585,527	(93,779,293)	(26.23)%
14	117 Gas Stored Underground-Noncurrent	38,192,545	36,212,426	1,980,119	5.47 %
15	Total Utility Plant	5,208,148,085	5,959,801,526	(751,653,441)	(12.61)%
16	Other Property and Investments	0,200,140,000	0,000,001,020	(101,000,441)	(12.01)70
17	121 Nonutility Property	686,805	686,805	_	- %
18	122 Accumulated Depr. & AmortNonutility Property	(68,042)	(67,635)	(407)	0.60 %
19	123.1 Investments in Assoc Companies and Subsidiaries	(110,826,649)	(97,949,544)	(12,877,105)	13.15 %
20	124 Other Investments	14,135,821	13,050,811	1,085,010	8.31 %
21	128 Miscellaneous Special Funds	14,100,021	10,000,011	1,000,010	- 0.01 %
22	LT Portion of Derivative Assets - Hedges		_	_	
23	Total Other Property & Investments	(96,072,065)	(84,279,563)	(11,792,502)	13.99 %
24	Current and Accrued Assets	(00,012,000)	(01,270,000)	(11,102,002)	10.00 70
25	131 Cash	911,923	8,763,190	(7,851,267)	(89.59)%
26	134 Other Special Deposits	13,894,365	14,856,653	(962,288)	(6.48)%
27	135 Working Funds	17,500	22,850	(5,350)	(23.41)%
28	142 Customer Accounts Receivable	66,518,761	91,004,511	(24,485,750)	(26.91)%
29	143 Other Accounts Receivable	12,617,310	17,049,224	(4,431,914)	(25.99)%
30	144 Accumulated Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	(2,160,945)	(2,813,090)	652.145	(23.18)%
31	146 Accounts Receivable-Associated Companies	44,900,286	39,498,557	5,401,729	13.68 %
32	151 Fuel Stock	2,248,613	9,710,818	(7,462,205)	(76.84)%
33	154 Plant Materials and Operating Supplies	79,780,714	85,254,493	(5,473,779)	(6.42)%
34	164 Gas Stored - Current	6,743,589	18,814,211	(12,070,622)	(64.16)%
35	165 Prepayments	18,978,350	21,740,289	(2,761,939)	(12.70)%
36	172 Rents Receivable	64,160	73,787	(9,627)	(13.05)%
37	173 Accrued Utility Revenues	74,104,042	105,109,956	(31,005,914)	(29.50)%
38	174 Miscellaneous Current & Accrued Assets	1,025,532	876,037	149,495	17.06 %
39	Total Current & Accrued Assets	319,644,200	409,961,486	(90,317,286)	(22.03)%
40	Deferred Debits	5.0,5,200	,,	(00,011,200)	(==::=)::
41	181 Unamortized Debt Expense	9,376,139	11,096,631	(1,720,492)	(15.50)%
42	182 Regulatory Assets	676,869,364	746,025,553	(69,156,189)	(9.27)%
43	183 Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges	_	376,264	(376,264)	(100.00)%
44	184 Clearing Accounts	_	(2,520)	2,520	(100.00)%
45	186 Miscellaneous Deferred Debits	949.677	11,117,717	(10,168,040)	(91.46)%
46	189 Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt	16,960,804	20,027,942	(3,067,138)	(15.31)%
47	190 Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	194,013,891	289,883,014	(95,869,123)	(33.07)%
48	191 Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs	253,352	3,394,843	(3,141,491)	(92.54)%
	Total Deferred Debits	898,423,227	1,081,919,444	(183,496,217)	(16.96)%
	TOTAL ASSETS and OTHER DEBITS	\$ 6,330,143,447		, , , , ,	(14.08)%

Sch. 18	cont. BALANCE SHEET 1/				
	Account Title	This Year	Last Year	Variance	% Change
1	Liabilities and Other Credits				
2	Proprietary Capital				
3	201 Common Stock Issued	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ _	— %
4	211 Miscellaneous Paid-In Capital	2,044,999,693	1,981,122,792	63,876,901	3.22 %
5	216 Unappropriated Retained Earnings	349,075,632	809,312,954	(460,237,322)	(56.87)%
6	217 Reacquired Capital Stock	_	_	_	- '
7	219 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	(5,383,393)	(5,513,000)	129,607	(2.35)%
8	Total Proprietary Capital	2,388,691,933	2,784,922,747	(396,230,814)	(14.23)%
9	Long Term Debt				
10	221 Bonds	2,074,660,000	2,479,660,000	(405,000,000)	(16.33)%
11	224 Other Long Term Debt	342,000,000	318,000,000	24,000,000	7.55 %
12	226 (Less) Unamortized Discount on Long Term Debt-Debit	_	6,538	(6,538)	(100.00)%
13	Total Long Term Debt	2,416,660,000	2,797,653,462	(380,993,462)	(13.62)%
14	Other Noncurrent Liabilities				
15	227 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Noncurrent	2,292,287	5,996,448	(3,704,161)	(61.77)%
16	228.2 Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages	5,427,888	6,745,658	(1,317,770)	(19.54)%
17	228.3 Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits	(4,015,920)	4,631,028	(8,646,948)	(186.72)%
18	228.4 Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions	30,772,443	50,272,082	(19,499,639)	(38.79)%
19	229 Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds	_	-	_	-
20	230 Asset Retirement Obligations	33,987,819	41,424,213	(7,436,394)	(17.95)%
21	Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities	68,464,517	109,069,429	(40,604,912)	(37.23)%
22	Current and Accrued Liabilities				
23	231 Notes Payable	_	-	_	-
24	232 Accounts Payable	90,053,114	131,709,370	(41,656,256)	(31.63)%
25	234 Accounts Payable to Associated Companies	212,852	2,288,407	(2,075,555)	(90.70)%
26	235 Customer Deposits	17,640,442	11,954,099	5,686,343	47.57 %
27	236 Taxes Accrued	76,941,004	75,980,842	960,162	1.26 %
28	237 Interest Accrued	24,578,517	24,775,303	(196,786)	(0.79)%
29	241 Tax Collections Payable	298,173	1,789,013	(1,490,840)	(83.33)%
30	242 Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities	57,585,069	73,408,627	(15,823,558)	(21.56)%
31	243 Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current	3,902,892	3,720,377	182,515	4.91 %
32	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities	271,212,063	325,626,038	(54,413,975)	(16.71)%
33	Deferred Credits				
34	252 Customer Advances for Construction	123,249,058	107,470,505	15,778,553	14.68 %
35	253 Other Deferred Credits	93,579,661	147,334,417	(53,754,756)	(36.48)%
36	254 Regulatory Liabilities	119,721,846	190,647,029	(70,925,183)	(37.20)%
37	255 Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits	2,229,208	258,964	1,970,244	>300.00%
38		846,335,161	904,420,302	(58,085,141)	(6.42)%
	Total Deferred Credits	1,185,114,934	1,350,131,217	(165,016,283)	(12.22)%
40	TOTAL LIABILITIES and OTHER CREDITS	\$ 6,330,143,447	\$ 7,367,402,893	\$ (1,037,259,446)	(14.08)%

42 1/ This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory

43 Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, subsidiaries are presented using the

44 equity method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian

45 Montana Pipeline Corporation and the adjustment to a regulated basis for Colstrip Unit 4.

for the North Components of the Components of the NorthWestern Corporation, NorthWestern Corporation (NW Corp) contributed the assets and liabilities of its 48 South Dakota and Nebraska regulated utilities to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation, (NWE Public Service), and then distributed its equity interest in NWE Public Service and Nebraska regulated utilities to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., resulting in NW Corp owning and operating the Montana regulated utility and NWE Public Service owning and operating the Nebraska and South Dakota utilities, each as a direct subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. Due to this reorganization, the prior period information included in these statements may not be comparable to the current period.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Nature of Operations and Basis of Consolidation

NorthWestern Corporation (NW Corp), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., doing business as NorthWestern Energy, provides electricity and / or natural gas to approximately 627,900 customers in Montana and Yellowstone National Park. We have generated and distributed electricity and distributed natural gas in Montana since 2002.

The Financial Statements for the periods included herein have been prepared by NorthWestern Corporation (NorthWestern, we or us), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting requirements of the FERC as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following notes to the financials statements appear in Northwestern Corporation's annual report to the stockholders and are prepared in conformity with GAAP. This report differs from GAAP due to FERC requiring the presentation of subsidiaries on the equity method of accounting, which differs from Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 810, Consolidation. ASC 810 requires that all majority-owned subsidiaries be consolidated (see Note 4). The other significant differences consist of the following:

- Removal and decommissioning costs of generation, transmission and distribution assets are reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$444.1 million and \$523.7 million as of December 31,2024 and December 31,2023, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to regulatory liabilities for GAAP purposes;
- Goodwill is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a utility plant adjustments of \$263.8 million as of December 31,2024 and \$357.6 million as of December 31,2023, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to goodwill for GAAP purposes (see Note 8);
- The write-down of plant values associated with the 2002 acquisition of the Montana operations is reflected in the Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated depreciation of \$147.6 million for December 31,2024 and December 31,2023, respectively, in accordance with regulatory treatment as compared to plant for GAAP purposes;
- The current portion of gas stored underground is reflected in the Balance Sheets as current and accrued assets, as compared
 to inventory for GAAP purposes;
- Operating lease right of use assets are reflected in the Balance Sheets as capital leases of \$0.7 million and \$0.9 million as
 of December 31,2023 and December 31,2022, respectfully, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to noncurrent assets for GAAP purposes;
- Operating lease liabilities are reflected in the Balance Sheets as current and long term obligations under capital leases of \$0.7 million and \$0.9 million as of December 31,2024 and December 31,2023, respectfully, in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to accrued expenses and long term liabilities for GAAP purposes;
- Unamortized debt expense is classified in the Balance Sheets as deferred debits in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to long-term debt for GAAP purposes;

- Current and long-term debt is classified in the Balance Sheets as all long-term debt in accordance with regulatory treatment, while current and long-term debt are presented separately for GAAP reporting;
- The current portion of the provision for injuries and damages and the expected insurance proceeds receivable related to the provision for injuries and damages are reported as a current liability for GAAP purposes, as compared to a non-current liability for FERC purposes;
- Accumulated deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified in the Balance Sheets as gross non-current deferred debits and credits, respectively, while GAAP presentation reflects a net non-current deferred tax liability;
- Stranded tax effects associated with the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) in accordance with regulatory treatment, while included in retained earnings for GAAP purposes;
- Uncertain tax positions related to temporary differences are classified in the Balance Sheets within the deferred tax
 accounts in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to other noncurrent liabilities for GAAP purposes. In
 addition, interest related to uncertain tax positions is recognized in interest expense in accordance with regulatory
 treatment, as compared to income tax expense for GAAP purposes;
- Net periodic benefit costs and net periodic post retirement benefit costs are reflected in operating expense for FERC purposes, as compared to the GAAP presentation, which reflects the current service costs component of the net periodic benefit costs in operating expenses and the other components outside of income from operations. In addition, only the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost is eligible for capitalization for GAAP purposes, as compared to the total net periodic benefit costs for FERC purposes;
- Regulatory assets and liabilities are reflected in the Balance Sheets as non-current items, while current and non-current amounts are presented separately for GAAP;
- Unbilled revenue is reflected in the Balance Sheets in Accrued utility revenues in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to Accounts receivable, net for GAAP purposes;
- Implementation costs associated with cloud computing arrangements are reflected on the Balance Sheets as Miscellaneous
 Intangible Plant in accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to Other current assets for GAAP purposes.
 Additionally, these cash outflows are presented within investing activities cash outflows in the Statement of Cash Flows in
 accordance with regulatory treatment, as compared to operating activities cash outflows for GAAP purposes; and
- GAAP revenue differs from FERC revenue primarily due to the equity method of accounting as discussed above, netting of
 electric purchases and sales for resale in revenue for the GAAP presentation as compared to a gross presentation for FERC
 purposes (with the exception of those transactions in a regional transmission organization (RTO)), the netting of RTO
 transmission transactions for the GAAP presentation as compared to a gross presentation for FERC purposes, and the
 classification of regulatory amortizations in revenue for GAAP purposes as compared to expense for FERC purposes.

Events occurring subsequent to December 31, 2023, have been evaluated as to their potential impact to the Financial Statements through the date of this report.

Holding Company Reorganization

On October 2, 2023, NW Corp and NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. completed a merger transaction pursuant to which NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. became the holding company parent of NW Corp. In this reorganization, shareholders of NW Corp (the predecessor publicly held parent company) became shareholders of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., maintaining the same number of shares and ownership percentage as held in NW Corp immediately prior to the reorganization. NW Corp became a wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. The transaction was effected pursuant to a merger pursuant to Section 251(g) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, which provides for the formation of a holding company without a vote of the shareholders of the constituent corporation. As a result of the reorganization, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. became the successor issuer to NW Corp pursuant to Rule 12g-3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and as a result, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s common stock was deemed registered under Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Upon the conversion of all issued and outstanding NW Corp common stock into common stock in NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., as described above, the common stock of NW Corp ceased to exist. The accounting for this common stock conversion is treated as a retirement of common stock for NW Corp as the shares cease to exist. As such, the amounts included in Common stock and Treasury stock were cleared into Paid-in capital. Subsequent to the reorganization, NW Corp has 100 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, which are held by NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.

On January 1, 2024, we completed the second and final phase of the holding company reorganization. NW Corp contributed the assets and liabilities of its South Dakota and Nebraska regulated utilities to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation (NWE Public Service), and then distributed its equity interest in NWE Public Service and certain other subsidiaries to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., resulting in NW Corp owning and operating the Montana regulated utility and NWE Public Service owning and operating the Nebraska and South Dakota utilities, each as a direct subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.

(2) Discontinued Operations

On January 1, 2024, we completed the previously announced second and final phase of our holding company reorganization resulting in the distribution of our ownership in NWE Public Service, our former South Dakota electric and natural gas and Nebraska natural gas operating segments, and certain non-regulated subsidiaries, our former other operating segment, to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. As a result of this distribution, the historical assets and liabilities for these operating segments have been classified as assets and liabilities of discontinued operations and the historical results of operations are shown in discontinued operations, net of tax. Our Financial Statements for prior periods reflect this reclassification. The notes to our financial statements present information from continuing operations.

The carrying amounts of the major classes of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations included in our Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023, were as follows:

	As of December31, 2023
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 253
Restricted cash	1,166
Accounts receivable, net	37,547
Inventories	31,717
Regulatory assets	5,681
Prepaid expenses and other	10,910
Total current assets	87,274
Property, plant, and equipment, net	1,067,606
Goodwill	93,779
Regulatory assets	93,933
Other noncurrent assets	21,555
Total Assets	\$ 1,364,147
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	28,766
Accrued expenses	27,949
Regulatory liabilities	20,767
Total current liabilities	77,482
Long-term debt	532,148
Deferred income taxes	20,307
Noncurrent regulatory liabilities	106,307
Other noncurrent liabilities	57,206
Total Liabilities	\$ 793,450

The reconciliation of the major classes of income and expense constituting pretax income from discontinued operations to the after-tax income from discontinued operations on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2023
Operating revenues	\$ 285,942
Operating expenses	249,024
Operating Income	36,918
Interest expense, net	(22,221)
Other income, net	1,805
Income from discontinued operations before income tax	16,502
Income tax expense	11,880
Discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 28,382

(3) Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used for such items as long-lived asset values and impairment charges, long-lived asset useful lives, tax provisions, uncertain tax position reserves, AROs, regulatory assets and liabilities, allowances for uncollectible accounts, our QF liability, environmental liabilities, unbilled revenues and actuarially determined benefit costs and liabilities. We revise the recorded estimates when we receive better information or when we can determine actual amounts. Those revisions can affect operating results.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue as customers obtain control of promised goods and services in an amount that reflects consideration expected in exchange for those goods or services. Generally, the delivery of electricity and natural gas results in the transfer of control to customers at the time the commodity is delivered and the amount of revenue recognized is equal to the amount billed to each customer, including estimated volumes delivered when billings have not yet occurred.

Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists primarily of funds held in trust accounts to satisfy the requirements of certain stipulation agreements and insurance reserve requirements.

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable are net of allowances for uncollectible accounts of \$2.2 million and \$2.5 million at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Receivables include unbilled revenues of \$74.1 million and \$84.1 million at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Regulation of Utility Operations

Our regulated operations are subject to the provisions of ASC 980, *Regulated Operations*. Regulated accounting is appropriate provided that (i) rates are established by or subject to approval by independent, third-party regulators, (ii) rates are designed to recover the specific enterprise's cost of service, and (iii) in view of demand for service, it is reasonable to assume that rates are set at levels that will recover costs and can be charged to and collected from customers.

Our Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the effects of the different rate making principles followed by the jurisdictions regulating us. The economic effects of regulation can result in regulated companies recording costs that have been, or are deemed probable to be, allowed in the ratemaking process in a period different from the period in which the costs would be charged to expense by an unregulated enterprise. When this occurs, costs are deferred as regulatory assets and recorded as expenses in the periods when those same amounts are reflected in rates. Additionally, regulators can impose liabilities upon a regulated company for amounts previously collected from customers and for amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers (regulatory liabilities).

If we were required to terminate the application of these provisions to our regulated operations, all such deferred amounts would be recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income at that time. This would result in a charge to earnings and accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCL), net of applicable income taxes, which could be material. In addition, we would determine any impairment to the carrying costs of deregulated plant and inventory assets.

Derivative Financial Instruments

We account for derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. All derivatives are recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at their fair value unless they qualify for certain exceptions, including the normal purchases and normal sales exception. Additionally, derivatives that qualify and are designated for hedge accounting are classified as either hedges of the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or of an unrecognized firm commitment (fair-value hedge) or hedges of a forecasted transaction or the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability (cash-flow hedge). For fair-value hedges, changes in fair values for both the derivative and the underlying hedged exposure are recognized in earnings each period. For cash-flow hedges, the portion of the derivative gain or loss that is effective in offsetting the change in the cost or value of the underlying exposure is deferred in AOCL and later reclassified into earnings when the underlying transaction occurs. Gains and losses from the ineffective portion of any hedge are recognized in earnings immediately. For other derivative contracts that do not qualify or are not designated for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are recognized in earnings each period. Cash inflows and outflows related to derivative instruments are included as a component of operating, investing or financing cash flows in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, depending on the underlying nature of the hedged items. As of December 31, 2024, the only derivative instruments we have qualify for the normal purchases and normal sales exception.

Revenues and expenses on contracts that are designated as normal purchases and normal sales are recognized when the underlying physical transaction is completed. While these contracts are considered derivative financial instruments, they are not required to be recorded at fair value, but on an accrual basis of accounting. Normal purchases and normal sales are contracts where physical delivery is probable, quantities are expected to be used or sold in the normal course of business over a reasonable period of time, and price is not tied to an unrelated underlying derivative. As part of our regulated electric and gas operations, we enter into contracts to buy and sell energy to meet the requirements of our customers. These contracts include short-term and long-term commitments to purchase and sell energy in the retail and wholesale markets with the intent and ability to deliver or take delivery. If it were determined that a transaction designated as a normal purchase or a normal sale no longer met the exceptions, the fair value of the related contract would be reflected as an asset or liability and immediately recognized through earnings. See Note 9 - Risk Management and Hedging Activities, for further discussion of our derivative activity.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost, including contracted services, direct labor and material, allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC), and indirect charges for engineering, supervision and similar overhead items. All expenditures for maintenance and repairs of utility property, plant and equipment are charged to the appropriate maintenance expense accounts. A betterment or replacement of a unit of property is accounted for as an addition and retirement of utility plant. At the time of such a retirement, the accumulated provision for depreciation is charged with the original cost of the property retired and also for the net cost of removal. Also included in plant and equipment are assets under finance lease, which are stated at the present value of minimum lease payments.

AFUDC represents the cost of financing construction projects with borrowed funds and equity funds. While cash is not realized currently from such allowance, it is realized under the ratemaking process over the service life of the related property through increased revenues resulting from a higher rate base and higher depreciation expense. The component of AFUDC attributable to borrowed funds is included as a reduction to interest expense, while the equity component is included in other income. This rate averaged 7.0% and 6.4% for 2024 and 2023, respectively. AFUDC capitalized totaled \$25.5 million and \$23.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

We record provisions for depreciation at amounts substantially equivalent to calculations made on a straight-line method by applying various rates based on useful lives of the various classes of properties (ranging from 5 to 127 years) determined from engineering studies. As a percentage of the depreciable utility plant at the beginning of the year, our provision for depreciation of utility plant was approximately 2.8% for 2024 and 2023.

Depreciation rates include a provision for our share of the estimated costs to decommission our jointly owned plants at the end of the useful life. The annual provision for such costs is included in depreciation expense, while the accumulated provisions are included in noncurrent regulatory liabilities.

Pension and Postretirement Benefits

We have liabilities under defined benefit retirement plans and a postretirement plan that offers certain health care and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their dependents. The costs of these plans are dependent upon numerous factors, assumptions and estimates, including determination of discount rate, expected return on plan assets, rate of future compensation increases, age and mortality and employment periods. In determining the projected benefit obligations and costs, assumptions can change from period to period and may result in material changes in the cost and liabilities we recognize.

Income Taxes

We follow the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities represent the future effects on income taxes from temporary differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to reverse. The probability of realizing deferred tax assets is based on forecasts of future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies that can be implemented, if necessary, to realize deferred tax assets. We establish a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that all, or a portion of, a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Exposures exist related to various tax filing positions, which may require an extended period of time to resolve and may result in income tax adjustments by taxing authorities. We have reduced deferred tax assets or established liabilities based on our best estimate of future probable adjustments related to these exposures. On a quarterly basis, we evaluate exposures in light of any additional information and make adjustments as necessary to reflect the best estimate of the future outcomes. We believe our deferred tax assets and established liabilities are appropriate for estimated exposures; however, actual results may differ from these estimates. The resolution of tax matters in a particular future period could have a material impact on our Consolidated Income Statements and provision for income taxes.

Under the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 our production tax credits may be transferred to an unrelated entity. Our policy is to account for these transferable credits within income tax expense.

Environmental Costs

We record environmental costs when it is probable we are liable for the costs and we can reasonably estimate the liability. If an environmental cost is related to facilities we currently use, such as pollution control equipment, then we may capitalize and depreciate the costs over the remaining life of the asset, assuming the costs are recoverable in future rates or future cash flows.

Our remediation cost estimates are based on the use of an environmental consultant, our experience, our assessment of the current situation and the technology currently available for use in the remediation. We regularly adjust the recorded costs as we revise estimates and as remediation proceeds. If we are one of several designated responsible parties, then we estimate and record only our share of the cost.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)		thousands)	
Cash paid (received) for:				
Income taxes (1)	\$ (4,769)	\$	(827)	
Interest (2)	100,853		105,238	
Significant non-cash transactions:				
Capital expenditures included in trade accounts payable (3)	18,537		42,322	

- (1) Includes income tax refunds from discontinued operations of \$845 as of December 31, 2023.
- (1) Includes interest payments from discontinued operations of \$20,778 as of December 31, 2023.
- (2) Includes capital expenditures included in trade accounts payable of discontinued operations of \$3,867 as of December 31, 2023.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2024	2023	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,934 \$	8,851	
Restricted cash	13,894	14,857	
Discontinued operations (Note 2)	_	1,419	
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the Consolidated Statements			
of Cash Flows	\$ 15,828 \$	25,127	

Restricted cash consists primarily of funds held in trust accounts to satisfy the requirements of certain stipulation agreements and insurance reserve requirements.

Accounting Standards Issued

There were no accounting standards adopted in the current year that had a material impact to our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. At this time, we are not expecting the adoption of recently issued accounting standards to have a material impact to our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

(4) Regulatory Matters

Montana Rate Review

In July 2024, we filed a Montana electric and natural gas rate review with the Montana Public Service Commission (MPSC). In November 2024, the MPSC partially approved our requested interim rates effective December 1, 2024, subject to refund. Subsequently, we modified our request through rebuttal testimony. In March 2025, we filed a natural gas settlement with certain parties and a motion for revised interim natural gas rates. In April 2025, we filed a partial electric settlement with certain other parties and a motion for revised interim electric rates. Both settlements and motions for revised interim rates are subject to approval by the MPSC.

The partial electric settlement includes, among other things, agreement on base revenue increases (excluding base revenues associated with Yellowstone County Generating Station (YCGS)), allocated cost of service, rate design, updates to the amount of revenues associated with property taxes (excluding property taxes associated with YCGS), regulatory policy issues related to requested changes in regulatory mechanisms, and agreement to support a separate motion for revised electric interim rates. The partial electric settlement provides for the deferral and annual recovery of incremental operating costs related to wildfire mitigation and insurance expenses through the Wildfire Mitigation Balancing Account.

The natural gas settlement includes, among other things, agreement on base revenues, allocated cost of service, rate design, updates to the amount of revenues associated with property taxes, and agreement to support a separate motion for revised natural gas interim rates.

The details of our rebuttal request are set forth below:

Requested Revenue Increase (Decrease) Through Rebuttal Testimony (in millions)

	E	lectric	Natural Gas
Base Rates	\$	153.8	27.9
Power Cost & Credit Mechanism (PCCAM) ⁽¹⁾		(94.5)	n/a
Property Tax (tracker base adjustment) ⁽¹⁾		(1.3)	0.1
Total Revenue Increase Requested through Rebuttal Testimony	\$	58.0	\$ 28.0

⁽¹⁾ These items are flow-through costs. PCCAM reflects our fuel and purchased power costs.

The details of our interim rates granted are set forth below:

Interim Revenue Increase (Decrease) Granted (in millions)						
	Electric Natur			Natural Gas		
Base Rates	\$	18.4	\$	17.4		
PCCAM ⁽¹⁾		(88.0)		n/a		
Property Tax (tracker base adjustment) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		7.4		0.2		
Total Interim Revenue Granted	\$	(62.2)	\$	17.6		

⁽¹⁾ These items are flow-through costs. PCCAM reflects our fuel and purchased power costs.

The details of our settlement agreement and requested revised interim rates are set forth below:

Requested Revenue Increase (Decrease) through Settlement Agreements and Revised Interim Filing (in millions)

	Electric		Natural	Gas	
Base Rates:					
Base Rates (Settled)	\$	66.4	\$	18.0	
Base Rates - YCGS (Non-settled) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		43.9	n/a		
Requested Base Rates for Revised Interim Filing		110.3		18.0	
Pass-through items:					
Property Tax (tracker base adjustment) (Settled) ⁽³⁾		(5.2)		0.1	
Property Tax (tracker base adjustment) - YCGS (Non-settled) ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		4.0	n/a		
PCCAM (Non-settled) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		(94.5)	n/a		
Requested Pass-Through Rates for Revised Interim Filing		(95.7)		0.1	
Total Requested Revenue Increase through Revised Interim Filing ⁽⁴⁾	\$	14.6	\$	18.1	

⁽¹⁾ These items were not included within the partial electric settlement and will be contested items that are expected to be determined in the MPSC's final order.

⁽²⁾ Our requested interim property tax base increase went into effect on January 1, 2025, as part of our 2024 property tax tracker filing.

⁽²⁾ Intervenor positions propose up to an \$11.6 million reduction to this base rate revenue request and an additional \$38.4 million decrease to the PCCAM base.

⁽³⁾ These items are flow-through costs. PCCAM reflects our fuel and purchased power costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Revised interim filing rates are requested to be effective May 1, 2025. If the revised interim rates are not approved, and a final order is not received by May 23, 2025, which is 270 days from acceptance of our filing, we intend to implement, as permitted by Montana statute, our rebuttal rates, which will be subject to refund, until a final order is received.

A hearing on the electric and natural gas rate review is scheduled for June 9, 2025. Interim rates will remain in effect on a refundable basis until the MPSC issues a final order.

(5) Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

We prepare our Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the provisions of ASC 980, as discussed in Note 3 - Significant Accounting Policies. Pursuant to this guidance, certain expenses and credits, normally reflected in income as incurred, are deferred and recognized when included in rates and recovered from or refunded to customers. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded based on management's assessment that it is probable that a cost will be recovered or that an obligation has been incurred. Accordingly, we have recorded the following major classifications of regulatory assets and liabilities that will be recognized in expenses and revenues in future periods when the matching revenues are collected or refunded. Of these regulatory assets and liabilities, energy supply costs are the only items earning a rate of return. The remaining regulatory items have corresponding assets and liabilities that will be paid for or refunded in future periods.

	Remaining —			Decem	ber 31,	
	Note	Amortization		2024		2023
	Reference	Period		(in tho	usands)	
Flow-through income taxes	13	Plant Lives	\$	522,015	\$	483,949
Pension	15	See Note 15		56,719		73,823
Excess deferred income taxes	13	Plant Lives		39,040		44,657
Employee related benefits	15	See Note 15		17,877		21,926
Wildfire Mitigation		Undetermined		17,368		1,623
Deferred financing costs	12	See Note 12		16,961		18,540
State & local taxes & fees		1 Year		8,863		2,733
Supply costs		1 Year		1,132		3,895
Other		Various		15,098		22,811
Total Regulatory Assets			\$	695,073	\$	673,957
Removal cost	7	Plant Lives	\$	444,058	\$	435,470
Excess deferred income taxes	13	Plant Lives		108,154		117,870
State & local taxes & fees		1 Year		46		29,686
Supply costs		1 Year		5,093		924
Gas storage sales		16 years		6,205		6,625
Other		Various		1,977		905
Total Regulatory Liabilities			\$	565,533	\$	591,480

Income Taxes

Flow-through income taxes primarily reflect the effects of plant related temporary differences such as flow-through of depreciation, repairs related deductions, and removal costs that we will recover or refund in future rates. We amortize these amounts as temporary differences reverse. Excess deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and will be recovered or refunded in future rates. See Note 13 - Income Taxes for further discussion.

Pension and Employee Related Benefits

We recognize the unfunded portion of plan benefit obligations in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which is remeasured at each year end, with a corresponding adjustment to regulatory assets/liabilities as the costs associated with these plans are recovered in rates. The MPSC allows recovery of pension costs on a cash funding basis. The portion of the regulatory asset

related to our Montana pension plan will amortize as cash funding amounts exceed accrual expense under GAAP. The MPSC allows recovery of postretirement benefit costs on an accrual basis.

Deferred Financing Costs

Consistent with our historical regulatory treatment, a regulatory asset has been established to reflect the remaining deferred financing costs on long-term debt that has been replaced through the issuance of new debt. These amounts are amortized over the life of the new debt.

Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan

We have developed an Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan addressing five key areas: situational awareness, operational practices, system preparedness, vegetation management, and public communications outreach. Because of ever-increasing wildfire risk, our plan includes greater focus on situational awareness to monitor changing environmental conditions, operational practices that are more reactive to changing conditions, increased frequency of patrol and repairs, and more robust system hardening programs that target higher risk segments in our transmission and distribution systems. The MPSC has approved the deferral of incremental operating costs related to this Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan.

Supply Costs

The MPSC has authorized the use of electric and natural gas supply cost trackers that enable us to track actual supply costs and either recover the under collection or refund the over collection to our customers. Accordingly, we have recorded a regulatory asset and liability to reflect the future recovery of under collections and refunding of over collections through the ratemaking process. We earn interest on natural gas supply costs under collected, or apply interest to an over collection, of 6.7 percent. For our electric supply tracker, the PCCAM, the interest rate we earn on supply costs under collected, or the interest rate we apply to an over collection, is based on the monthly interest rate for three month commercial paper as published by the Federal Reserve.

State & Local Taxes & Fees (Montana Property Tax Tracker)

Under Montana law, we are allowed to track the changes in the actual level of state and local taxes and fees and recover the increase, or refund the decrease, in rates, less the amount allocated to Federal Energy Regulatory Commission jurisdictional customers and net of the related income tax benefit.

Removal Cost

The anticipated costs of removing assets upon retirement are collected from customers in advance of removal activity as a component of depreciation expense. Our depreciation method, including cost of removal, is established by the respective regulatory commissions. Therefore, consistent with this regulated treatment, we reflect this accrual of removal costs for our regulated assets by increasing our regulatory liability. See Note 7 - Asset Retirement Obligations, for further information regarding this item.

Gas Storage Sales

A regulatory liability was established in 2000 and 2001 based on gains on cushion gas sales in Montana. This gain is being flowed to customers over a period that matches the depreciable life of surface facilities that were added to maintain deliverability from the field after the withdrawal of the gas. This regulatory liability is a reduction of rate base.

(6) Property, Plant and Equipment

The following table presents the major classifications of our property, plant and equipment (in thousands):

	December 31,				
	_	2024		2023	
	(in thousa			ls)	
Electric Plant	\$	4,888,326	\$	4,343,235	
Natural Gas Plant		1,328,386		1,244,451	
Plant acquisition adjustment ⁽¹⁾		656,319		656,319	
Common and Other Plant		204,663		197,783	
Construction work in process		133,740		352,377	
Total property, plant and equipment		7,211,434		6,794,165	
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,561,647)		(1,502,887)	
Less accumulated amortization		(344,785)		(315,082)	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$	5,305,002	\$	4,976,196	

⁽¹⁾ The plant acquisition adjustment balance above includes our hydro generating assets acquired in 2014 and the inclusion of our interest in Colstrip Unit 4 in rate base in 2009. The acquisition adjustment is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated remaining useful life of each related asset in depreciation expense.

Net plant and equipment under finance lease were \$3.0 million and \$5.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is primarily comprised of a long-term power supply contract with the owners of a natural gas fired peaking plant, which has been accounted for as a finance lease.

Jointly Owned Electric Generating Plant

We have a 30% ownership interest in Colstrip Unit 4, a base-load electric generating plant, which is coal fired and operated by Talen Montana, LLC (Talen). Talen has a 30 percent ownership interest in Colstrip Unit 3. We have a reciprocating sharing agreement with Talen regarding the operation of Colstrip Units 3 and 4, in which each party receives 15 percent of the respective combined output and is responsible for 15 percent of the respective operating and construction costs, regardless of whether a particular cost is specified to Colstrip Unit 3 or 4. However, each party if responsible for its own fuel-related costs. Our interest in this plant is reflected in the Consolidated Balance Sheets on a pro rata basis and our share of operating expenses is reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The participants each finance their own investment.

In January 2023 and July 2024, we entered into definitive agreements, the first with Avista and the second with Puget, to acquire their respective interests in Colstrip Units 3 & 4. In particular, we agreed to acquire a 15% (222 megawatts) interest from Avista and a 25% (370 megawatts) interest from Puget. Both agreements provide that the purchase price will be \$0. These agreements are substantially similar and are both scheduled to close December 31, 2025, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions and approvals contained within the agreements. Under the terms of the agreements, we will be responsible for operating costs starting on January 1, 2026; while Puget and Avista will remain responsible for their respective pre-closing share of environmental and pension liabilities attributed to events or conditions existing prior to the closing of the transaction and for any future decommission and demolition costs associated with the existing facilities that comprise their interests.

Acquisition of Avista and Puget's interests would result in our ownership of 55 percent of the facility with the ability to guide operating and maintenance investments. This would provide capacity to help us meet our obligation to provide reliable and cost effective power to our customers in Montana, while allowing opportunity for us to identify and plan for newer lower or no-carbon technologies in the future.

Either party may terminate the respective separate agreement if any requested regulatory approval is denied or if the closing has not occurred by December 31, 2025 or if any law or order would delay or impair closing.

Information relating to our ownership interest in this facility is as follows (in thousands):

	Colstrip Unit 4
December 31, 2024	
Ownership percentages	30.0 %
Plant in service	\$ 330,888
Accumulated depreciation	137,153
<u>December 31, 2023</u>	
Ownership percentages	30.0 %
Plant in service	\$ 323,793
Accumulated depreciation	127,381

(7) Asset Retirement Obligations

We are obligated to dispose of certain long-lived assets upon their abandonment. We recognize a liability for the legal obligation to perform an asset retirement activity in which the timing and/or method of settlement are conditional on a future event. We measure the liability at fair value when incurred and capitalize a corresponding amount as part of the book value of the related assets, which increases our property, plant and equipment and other noncurrent liabilities. The increase in the capitalized cost is included in determining depreciation expense over the estimated useful life of these assets. Since the fair value of the asset retirement obligation (ARO) is determined using a present value approach, accretion of the liability due to the passage of time is recognized each period and recorded as a regulatory asset until the settlement of the liability. Revisions to estimated AROs can result from changes in retirement cost estimates, revisions to estimated inflation rates, and changes in the estimated timing of abandonment. If the obligation is settled for an amount other than the carrying amount of the liability, we will recognize a regulatory asset or liability for the difference, which will be surcharged/refunded to customers through the rate making process. We record regulatory assets and liabilities for differences in timing of asset retirement costs recovered in rates and AROs recorded since asset retirement costs are recovered through rates charged to customers.

Our AROs relate to the reclamation and removal costs at our jointly-owned coal-fired generation facility, U.S. Department of Transportation requirements to cut, purge and cap retired natural gas pipeline segments, our obligation to plug and abandon oil and gas wells at the end of their life, and to remove all above-ground wind power facilities and restore the soil surface at the end of their life. The following table presents the change in our ARO (in thousands):

	December 31,				
	2024			2023	
Liability at January 1,	\$	34,808	\$	33,861	
Accretion expense		1,626		1,575	
Liabilities incurred		_		_	
Liabilities settled		(1,923)		(1,151)	
Revisions to cash flows		(299)		523	
Liability at December 31,	\$	34,212	\$	34,808	

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2024 our ARO liability decreased \$1.9 million for partial settlement of the legal obligations at our jointly-owned coal-fired generation facility and natural gas pipeline segments. Additionally, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, our ARO liability decreased \$0.3 million related to changes in both the timing and amount of retirement cost estimates.

In addition, we have identified removal liabilities related to our electric and natural gas transmission and distribution assets that have been installed on easements over property not owned by us. The easements are generally perpetual and only require

remediation action upon abandonment or cessation of use of the property for the specified purpose. The ARO liability is not estimable for such easements as we intend to utilize these properties indefinitely. In the event we decide to abandon or cease the use of a particular easement, an ARO liability would be recorded at that time. We also identified AROs associated with our hydroelectric generating facilities; however, due to the indeterminate removal date, the fair value of the associated liabilities currently cannot be estimated and no amounts are recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We collect removal costs in rates for certain transmission and distribution assets that do not have associated AROs. Generally, the accrual of future non-ARO removal obligations is not required; however, long-standing ratemaking practices approved by applicable state and federal regulatory commissions have allowed provisions for such costs in historical depreciation rates. The recorded amounts of costs collected from customers through depreciation rates are classified as a regulatory liability in recognition of the fact that we have collected these amounts that will be used in the future to fund asset retirement costs and do not represent legal retirement obligations. See Note 5 - Regulatory Assets and Liabilities for removal costs recorded as regulatory liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

(8) Goodwill

We completed our annual goodwill impairment test as of April 1, 2024, and no impairment was identified. We calculate the fair value of our reporting units by considering various factors, including valuation studies based primarily on a discounted cash flow analysis, with published industry valuations and market data as supporting information. Key assumptions in the determination of fair value include the use of an appropriate discount rate and estimated future cash flows. In estimating cash flows, we incorporate expected long-term growth rates in our service territory, regulatory stability, and commodity prices (where appropriate), as well as other factors that affect our revenue, expense and capital expenditure projections.

Goodwill by segment is as follows (in thousands):

	 December 31,			
	2024		2023	
Electric	\$ 179,900	\$	179,900	
Natural gas	 83,900		83,900	
Total Goodwill	\$ 263,800	\$	263,800	

(9) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Nature of Our Business and Associated Risks

We are exposed to certain risks related to the ongoing operations of our business, including the impact of market fluctuations in the price of electricity and natural gas commodities and changes in interest rates. We rely on market purchases to fulfill a portion of our electric and natural gas supply requirements. Several factors influence price levels and volatility. These factors include, but are not limited to, seasonal changes in demand, weather conditions, available generating assets within regions, transportation availability and reliability within and between regions, fuel availability, market liquidity, and the nature and extent of current and potential federal and state regulations.

Objectives and Strategies for Using Derivatives

To manage our exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices we routinely enter into derivative contracts. These types of contracts are included in our electric and natural gas supply portfolios and are used to manage price volatility risk by taking advantage of fluctuations in market prices. While individual contracts may be above or below market value, the overall portfolio approach is intended to provide greater price stability for consumers. We do not maintain a trading portfolio, and our derivative transactions are only used for risk management purposes consistent with regulatory guidelines.

In addition, we may use interest rate swaps to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances or to manage our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on variable rate debt.

Accounting for Derivative Instruments

We evaluate new and existing transactions and agreements to determine whether they are derivatives. The permitted accounting treatments include: normal purchase normal sale (NPNS); cash flow hedge; fair value hedge; and mark-to-market. Mark-to-market accounting is the default accounting treatment for all derivatives unless they qualify, and we specifically designate them, for one of the other accounting treatments. Derivatives designated for any of the elective accounting treatments must meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. The changes in the fair value of recognized derivatives are recorded each period in current earnings or other comprehensive income, depending on whether a derivative is designated as part of a hedge transaction and the type of hedge transaction.

Normal Purchases and Normal Sales

We have applied the NPNS scope exception to our contracts involving the physical purchase and sale of gas and electricity at fixed prices in future periods. During our normal course of business, we enter into full-requirement energy contracts, power purchase agreements and physical capacity contracts, which qualify for NPNS. All of these contracts are accounted for using the accrual method of accounting; therefore, there were no unrealized amounts recorded in the Consolidated Financial Statements at December 31, 2024 and 2023. Revenues and expenses from these contracts are reported on a gross basis in the appropriate revenue and expense categories as the commodities are received or delivered.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the potential loss resulting from counterparty non-performance under an agreement. We manage credit risk with policies and procedures for, among other things, counterparty analysis and exposure measurement, monitoring and mitigation. We limit credit risk in our commodity and interest rate derivatives activities by assessing the creditworthiness of potential counterparties before entering into transactions with them and continuing to evaluate their creditworthiness on an ongoing basis.

We are exposed to credit risk through buying and selling electricity and natural gas to serve customers. We may request collateral or other security from our counterparties based on the assessment of creditworthiness and expected credit exposure. It is possible that volatility in commodity prices could cause us to have material credit risk exposures with one or more counterparties. We enter into commodity master enabling agreements with our counterparties to mitigate credit exposure, as these agreements reduce the risk of default by allowing us or our counterparty the ability to make net payments. The agreements generally are: (1) Western Systems Power Pool agreements – standardized power purchase and sales contracts in the electric industry; (2) International Swaps and Derivatives Association agreements – standardized financial gas and electric contracts; (3) North American Energy Standards Board agreements – standardized physical gas contracts; and (4) Edison Electric Institute Master Purchase and Sale Agreements – standardized power sales contracts in the electric industry.

Many of our forward purchase contracts contain provisions that require us to maintain an investment grade credit rating from each of the major credit rating agencies. If our credit rating were to fall below investment grade, the counterparties could require immediate payment or demand immediate and ongoing full overnight collateralization on contracts in net liability positions.

Interest Rate Swaps Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

We have previously used interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges to manage our interest rate exposures associated with new debt issuances. We have no interest rate swaps outstanding. These swaps were designated as cash flow hedges with the effective portion of gains and losses, net of associated deferred income tax effects, recorded in AOCL. We reclassify these gains from AOCL into interest expense during the periods in which the hedged interest payments occur. The following table shows the effect of these interest rate swaps previously terminated on the Consolidated Financial Statements (in thousands):

Cash Flow Hedges	Location of Amount Reclassified from AOCL to Income	AOCL into Income during the Year Ended December 31, 2024
Interest rate contracts	Interest Expense	

A pre-tax loss of approximately \$12.1 million is remaining in AOCL as of December 31, 2024, and we expect to reclassify approximately \$0.6 million of pre-tax losses from AOCL into interest expense during the next twelve months. These amounts relate to terminated swaps.

(10) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). Measuring fair value requires the use of market data or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, corroborated by market data, or generally unobservable. Valuation techniques are required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Applicable accounting guidance establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, and requires fair value measurements to be categorized based on the observability of those inputs. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices available in active markets at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Pricing inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date; and

Level 3 – Significant inputs that are generally not observable from market activity.

We classify assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement of each individual asset and liability taken as a whole. Due to the short-term nature of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net, accounts payable, and short-term borrowings, the carrying amount of each such item approximates fair value. The table below sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the gross components of our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. NPNS transactions are not included in the fair values by source table as they are not recorded at fair value. See Note 9 - Risk Management and Hedging Activities for further discussion.

We record transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy, if necessary, at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between levels for the periods presented.

December 31, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets or Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Margin Cash Collateral Offset	Total Net Fair Value
					(in thousands)			
Rabbi trust investments	14,	,136		_	_		_	14,136
Total	\$ 14.	136	\$		<u> </u>	\$	_	\$ 14,136
December 31, 2023								
Restricted cash	\$ 14.	,857	¢		\$ —	\$		\$ 14,857
equivalents	ψ 17,	,637	Φ		J —	Ψ		Φ 14,037
Rabbi trust investments	13,	,030		_			<u> </u>	13,030
Total	\$ 27.	887	\$	_	<u> </u>	\$		\$ 27,887

Restricted cash equivalents represents amounts held in money market mutual funds. Rabbi trust investments represent assets held for non-qualified deferred compensation plans, which consist of our common stock and actively traded mutual funds with quoted prices in active markets.

Financial Instruments

The estimated fair value of financial instruments is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 December 31, 2024			December 31, 2			2023	
	Carrying Amount Fai		Fair Value		Carrying Fair Value Amount			
Liabilities:								
Long-term debt	\$ 2,406,206	\$	2,104,381	\$	2,223,561	\$	2,000,767	

The estimated fair value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies; however, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange.

We determined fair value for long-term debt based on interest rates that are currently available to us for issuance of debt with similar terms and remaining maturities, except for publicly traded debt, for which fair value is based on market prices for the same or similar issues or upon the quoted market prices of U.S. treasury issues having a similar term to maturity, adjusted for our bond issuance rating and the present value of future cash flows. These are significant other observable inputs, or level 2 inputs, in the fair value hierarchy.

(11) Unsecured Credit Facilities

On November 29, 2023 we amended our existing \$425.0 million revolving credit facility (the Amended Facility) to address the holding company reorganization and extended the maturity date of the facility to November 29, 2028. The Amended Facility does not amortize and is unsecured. Borrowings may be made at interest rates equal to (a) SOFR, plus a credit spread adjustment of 10.0 basis points plus a margin of 100.0 to 175.0 basis points, or (b) a base rate, plus a margin of 0.0 to 75.0 basis points. After the completion of the holding company reorganization on January 1, 2024, we own and operate only the Montana regulated utility, and the base capacity of the Amended Facility automatically reduced to \$400.0 million. The Amended Facility has uncommitted features that allow us to request one-year extensions to the maturity date and increase the size of the Amended Facility by an additional \$100.0 million.

On January 24, 2025, we amended our existing \$400.0 million Amended Facility to increase the capacity to \$425.0 million. This amendment did not affect the maturity date or borrowing rates.

On January 2, 2024, we terminated our \$100.0 million Additional Credit Facility. On January 4, 2024, we terminated our \$25.0 Swingline Facility.

Commitment fees for the unsecured revolving lines of credit were \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The availability under the facilities in place for the years ended December 31 is shown in the following table (in millions):

	2024	2023
Unsecured revolving line of credit, expiring November 2028	400.0	425.0
Unsecured revolving line of credit, expiring November 2024		100.0
Unsecured revolving line of credit, expiring November 2025		25.0
	400.0	550.0
Amounts outstanding at December 31:		
SOFR borrowings	342.0	264.0
Letters of credit		
	342.0	264.0
Net availability as of December 31 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 58.0	\$ 286.0

⁽¹⁾ As discussed above, upon the completion of the holding company reorganization and termination of the Additional Credit Facility and Swingline facility in January 2024, our total consolidated capacity decreased to \$400.0 million.

Our credit facilities include covenants that require us to meet certain financial tests, including a maximum debt to capitalization ratio not to exceed 65 percent. The facilities also contain covenants which, among other things, limit our ability to engage in any consolidation or merger or otherwise liquidate or dissolve, dispose of property, and enter into transactions with affiliates. A default on the Montana First Mortgage Bonds would trigger a cross default on the Amended Facility; however, a default on the Amended Facility would not trigger a default on the Montana First Mortgage Bonds.

(12) Long-Term Debt and Finance Leases

Long-term debt and finance leases consisted of the following (in thousands):

	_		Decem	per 31,		
	Due		2024		2023	
<u>Unsecured Debt:</u>						
Unsecured Revolving Line of Credit	2028	\$	342,000	\$	264,000	
Secured Debt:						
Mortgage bonds—						
Montana—1.00%	2024		_		100,000	
Montana—5.01%	2025		161,000		161,000	
Montana—3.11%	2025		75,000		75,000	
Montana—3.99%	2028		35,000		35,000	
Montana—3.21%	2030		100,000		100,000	
Montana—5.57%	2031		175,000			
Montana—5.57%	2033		239,000		239,000	
Montana—5.71%	2039		55,000		55,000	
Montana—4.15%	2042		60,000		60,000	
Montana—4.85%	2043		15,000		15,000	
Montana—4.176%	2044		450,000		450,000	
Montana—4.11%	2045		125,000		125,000	
Montana—4.03%	2047		250,000		250,000	
Montana—3.98%	2049		150,000		150,000	
Montana—4.30%	2052		40,000		40,000	
Pollution control obligations—						
Montana—3.88%	2028		144,660		144,660	
Other Long Term Debt:						
Discount on Notes and Bonds and Debt Issuance Costs, Net	_		(10,454)		(11,099)	
Total Long-Term Debt		\$	2,406,206	\$	2,252,561	
Less current maturities (including associated debt issuance costs)			(235,959)		(99,950)	
Total Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Maturities		\$	2,170,247	\$	2,152,611	
Finance Leases:						
Total Finance Leases	2026	\$	5,461	\$	8,799	
Less current maturities			(3,596)		(3,338)	
Total Long-Term Finance Leases		\$	1,865	\$	5,461	

Secured Debt

First Mortgage Bonds and Pollution Control Obligations

The Montana First Mortgage Bonds are a series of general obligation bonds issued under our Montana indenture. These bonds are secured by substantially all of our Montana electric and natural gas assets.

On March 30, 2023, we issued and sold \$239.0 million aggregate principal amount of Montana First Mortgage Bonds (the bonds) at a fixed interest rate of 5.57 percent maturing on March 30, 2033. These bonds were issued in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. Proceeds were used to repay a portion of our outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facilities and for other general corporate purposes.

On June 29, 2023, the City of Forsyth, Rosebud County, Montana issued \$144.7 million principal amount of Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds (2023 Pollution Control Bonds) on our behalf. The 2023 Pollution Control Bonds were issued at a fixed interest rate of 3.88 percent maturing on July 1, 2028. The proceeds of the issuance were loaned to us pursuant to a Loan Agreement and were deposited directly with U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, for the redemption of the 2.00 percent, \$144.7 million City of Forsyth Pollution Control Revenue Refunding Bonds due on August 1, 2023 that had previously been issued on our behalf. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, we are obligated to make payments in such amounts and at such times as will be sufficient to pay, when due, the principal and interest on the 2023 Pollution Control Bonds. Our obligations under the Loan Agreement are secured by delivery of a like amount of our Montana First Mortgage Bonds, which are secured by our Montana electric and natural gas assets. So long as we are making payments under the Loan Agreement, no payments under these mortgage bonds will be due. The 2023 Pollution Control Bonds were issued in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

On May 28, 2024, we issued and sold \$175.0 million aggregate principal amount of Montana First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 5.56 percent maturing on March 28, 2031. These bonds were issued in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. Proceeds were used to redeem the \$100.0 million of Montana First Mortgage Bonds due this year and for other general utility purposes. The bonds are secured by our electric and natural gas assets associated with its Montana utility operations.

On March 21, 2025, NW Corp issued and sold \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of Montana First Mortgage Bonds at a fixed interest rate of 5.07 percent maturing on March 21, 2030. These bonds were issued and sold to certain initial purchasers without being registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (Securities Act), in reliance upon exemptions therefrom in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, or under Regulation S under the Securities Act for sales to non-U.S. persons. Proceeds will be used to repay outstanding borrowings under our NW Corp revolving credit facility, repay maturing Montana First Mortgage Bonds, and for general utility purposes.

On April 11, 2025, we redeemed all \$161.0 million of NW Corp's 5.01 percent Montana First Mortgage Bonds due May 1, 2025.

As of December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with our financial debt covenants.

Maturities of Long-Term Debt

The aggregate minimum principal maturities of long-term debt and finance leases, during the next five years are \$239.6 million in 2025, \$1.9 million in 2026, and \$521.7 million in 2028.

(13) Income Taxes

Income tax expense (benefit) is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	 Year Ended December 31,					
	2024		2023			
Federal						
Current	\$ 1,667	\$	(1,016)			
Deferred	13,602		17,581			
Investment tax credits	1,970		(129)			
State						
Current	61		(864)			
Deferred	2,365		3,847			
Income Tax Expense	\$ 19,665	\$	19,419			

Our effective tax rate typically differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily due to production tax credits and the regulatory impact of flowing through the federal and state tax benefit of repairs deductions, state tax benefit of accelerated tax depreciation deductions (including bonus depreciation when applicable), and production tax credits. The regulatory accounting treatment of these deductions requires immediate income recognition for temporary tax differences of this type, which is referred to as the flow-through method. When the flow-through method of accounting for temporary differences is reflected in regulated revenues, we record deferred income taxes and establish related regulatory assets and liabilities.

The following table reconciles our effective income tax rate to the federal statutory rate:

	Year Ended Dec	ember 31,
	2024	2023
Federal statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
State income tax, net of federal provisions	0.9	1.3
Flow-through repairs deductions	(9.6)	(11.5)
Gas repairs safe harbor method change	(2.2)	
Amortization of excess deferred income taxes	(1.2)	(0.8)
Production tax credits	(1.1)	(1.4)
Prior year permanent return to accrual adjustments	(0.3)	_
Plant and depreciation of flow through items	3.3	2.8
Release of unrecognized tax benefits	_	(1.4)
Other, net	(1.0)	0.5
Effective tax rate	9.8 %	10.5 %

The table below summarizes the significant differences in income tax expense (benefit) based on the differences between our effective tax rate and the federal statutory rate (in thousands). All of our income from continuing operations is primarily from domestic operations.

	Year Ended	December 31,
	2024	2023
Income Before Income Taxes	\$ 199,744	\$ 185,168
Income tax calculated at federal statutory rate	41,946	38,885
Dorman and an flavy through a divergence		
Permanent or flow through adjustments:	1.710	2.267
State income, net of federal provisions	1,719	2,367
Flow-through repairs deductions	(19,274)	(21,379)
Gas repairs safe harbor method change	(4,366)	-
Amortization of excess deferred income taxes	(2,465)	(1,479)
Production tax credits	(2,288)	(2,582)
Prior year permanent return to accrual adjustments	(567)	_
Plant and depreciation of flow through items	6,690	5,167
Release of unrecognized tax benefits	_	(2,680)
Other, net	(1,730)	1,120
	(22,281)	(19,466)
Income Tax Expense	\$ 19,665	\$ 19,419

We and our subsidiaries are included in NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s consolidated federal and state income tax returns. In accordance with our tax sharing agreement with NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., we compute our income taxes based upon the separate return method, where we are assumed to file a separate return with the taxing authority, thereby reporting our taxable income and paying the applicable tax to or receiving the appropriate refund from NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.

In 2023, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued a safe harbor method of accounting for the repair and maintenance of natural gas transmission and distribution property. For the year ending December 31, 2024, after completion of our impact analysis of the gas repairs safe harbor method change, we recorded an income tax benefit of approximately \$4.4 million related to tax deductions for repair costs that were previously capitalized in the 2022 and prior tax years.

The components of the net deferred income tax liability recognized in our Consolidated Balance Sheets are related to the following temporary differences (in thousands):

	Decem	iber 31,
	2024	2023
NOL carryforward	\$ 89,816	82,351
Production tax credit	35,602	\$ 33,279
Customer advances	32,455	28,300
Pension / postretirement benefits	10,369	16,352
Compensation accruals	9,857	8,319
Interest rate hedges	3,205	3,367
Unbilled revenue	3,126	7,222
Reserves and accruals	2,133	2,952
Environmental liability	2,131	2,222
Other, net	4,334	3,407
Deferred Tax Asset	193,028	187,771
Excess tax depreciation	(599,893)	(552,815)
Flow through depreciation	(119,674)	(108,413)
Goodwill amortization	(89,687)	(88,183)
Regulatory assets and other	(23,721)	(18,572)
Deferred Tax Liability	(832,975)	(767,983)
Deferred Tax Liability, net	\$ (639,947)	\$ (580,212)

As of December 31, 2024, our total federal net operation loss (NOL) carryforward was approximately \$342.6 million. Our federal NOL carryforward does not expire. Our state NOL carryforward as of December 31, 2024 was approximately \$335.3 million. If unused, our state NOL carryforwards will expire in 2033. We believe it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable income will be generated to utilize these NOL carryforwards.

At December 31, 2024, our total production tax credit carryforward was approximately \$35.6 million. If unused, our production tax credit carryforwards will expire as follows: \$1.2 million in 2035, \$3.4 million in 2036, \$3.5 million in 2037, \$3.9 million in 2038, \$4.4 million in 2039, \$5.4 million in 2040, \$4.4 million in 2041, \$4.5 million in 2042, \$2.6 million in 2043, and \$2.3 million in 2044. We believe it is more likely than not that sufficient taxable income will be generated to utilize these production tax credit carryforwards.

Uncertain Tax Positions

We recognize tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not threshold as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. The change in unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	2024	2023
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at January 1	\$ 5,179	\$ 7,310
Gross increases - tax positions in prior period	_	
Gross increases - tax positions in current period	_	_
Gross decreases - tax positions in current period	(1,569)	(2,131)
Lapse of statute of limitations	<u> </u>	_
Unrecognized Tax Benefits at December 31	\$ 3,610	\$ 5,179

Our unrecognized tax benefits include approximately \$1.4 million related to tax positions as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, that if recognized, would impact our annual effective tax rate. On April 14, 2023, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued Revenue Procedure 2023-15, which provides a safe harbor method of accounting for gas repairs expenditures. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we adopted this method and decreased our total unrecognized tax benefits by \$0.4 million and

recognized an income tax benefit of approximately \$2.7 million for previously unrecognized tax benefits. We do not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change due to the settlement of audits or the expiration of statutes of limitation within the next twelve months.

Our policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. As of December 31, 2024, we have accrued \$1.7 million for the payment of interest and penalties in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2023, we had \$1.0 million accrued for the payment of interest and penalties.

Tax years 2021 and forward remain subject to examination by the IRS and state taxing authorities. During the first quarter of 2023 the IRS commenced and concluded a limited scope examination of our 2019 amended federal income tax return.

(14) Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following tables display the components of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), after-tax, and the related tax effects (in thousands):

	December 31,													
	2024								2023					
	and the second s		Ex	Fax pense enefit)	,	et-of- Tax nount		efore- Tax nount		Tax xpense	,	et-of- Fax nount		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	(4)	\$	2	\$	_	\$	2		
Reclassification of net income (loss) on derivative instruments		612		(160)		452		612		(160)		452		
Postretirement medical liability adjustment								(331)		69		(262)		
Other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	608	\$	(160)	\$	448	\$	283	\$	(91)	\$	192		

Balances by classification included within AOCL on the Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows, net of tax (in thousands):

	 December 31,							
	 2024	2023						
Foreign currency translation	\$ 1,433	\$	1,437					
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	(8,921)		(9,373)					
Postretirement medical plans	 (45)		280					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (7,533)	\$	(7,656)					

The following table displays the changes in AOCL by component, net of tax (in thousands):

		December 31, 2024													
		Year Ended													
	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	De Ins De a	erest Rate erivative truments signated s Cash		etirement				Total						
Beginning balance		\$	(9,373)	\$	280	\$	1,437	\$	(7,656)						
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications			_		_		(4)		(4)						
	Interest														
Amounts reclassified from AOCL	Expense		452		_		_		452						
Amounts reclassified from AOCL			_				_		_						
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)			452				(4)		448						
Distribution to Parent		\$		\$	(325)	\$		\$	(325)						
Ending Balance		\$	(8,921)	\$	(45)	\$	1,433	\$	(7,533)						

		December 31, 2023													
		Year Ended													
	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income		Item in the Consolidated Statements of				(Foreign Currency ranslation		Total					
Beginning balance		\$	(9,825)	\$ 542	\$	1,435	\$	(7,848)							
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications			_	_		2		2							
Amounts reclassified from AOCL	Interest Expense		452	_		_		452							
Amounts reclassified from AOCL				(262))			(262)							
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)			452	(262)		2		192							
Ending Balance		\$	(9,373)	\$ 280	\$	1,437	\$	(7,656)							

(15) Employee Benefit Plans

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

We sponsor and/or contribute to pension, postretirement health care and life insurance benefit plans for eligible employees. The pension plan for our Montana employees is referred to as the NorthWestern Energy MT Plan (formerly known as the NorthWestern Energy Plan). We utilize a number of accounting mechanisms that reduce the volatility of reported pension costs. Differences between actuarial assumptions and actual plan results are deferred and are recognized into earnings only when the accumulated differences exceed 10 percent of the greater of the projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of plan assets. If necessary, the excess is amortized over the average remaining service period of active employees. The Plans' funded status is recognized as a liability in our Consolidated Financial Statements. See Note 5 - Regulatory Assets and Liabilities, for further discussion on how these costs are recovered through rates charged to our customers.

Benefit Obligation and Funded Status

Following is a reconciliation of the changes in plan benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets, and a statement of the funded status (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits (Other Postretirement Benefits						
		Decem	ber :	31,		Decem	December 31,			
		2024		2023		2024		2023		
Change in benefit obligation:										
Obligation at beginning of period	\$	427,326	\$	474,947	\$	10,598	\$	12,070		
Service cost		5,099		5,105		252		272		
Interest cost		20,725		23,535		456		554		
Actuarial (gain) loss		(26,780)		2,235		(1,804)		(820)		
Settlements ⁽¹⁾		(848)		(51,942)						
Benefits paid		(20,719)		(26,554)		(1,163)		(1,478)		
Benefit Obligation at End of Period	\$	404,803	\$	427,326	\$	8,339	\$	10,598		
Change in Fair Value of Plan Assets:										
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	\$	348,134	\$	388,693	\$	22,309	\$	20,055		
Return on plan assets		8,026		29,937		3,177		3,334		
Employer contributions		8,122		8,000		449		398		
Settlements ⁽¹⁾		(848)		(51,942)		_		_		
Benefits paid		(20,719)		(26,554)		(1,163)		(1,478)		
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	\$	342,715	\$	348,134	\$	24,772	\$	22,309		
Funded Status	\$	(62,088)	\$	(79,192)	\$	16,433	\$	11,711		
Amounts Recognized in the Balance Sheet Consist of:										
Noncurrent asset						16,943		12,378		
Total Assets					_	16,943		12,378		
Current liability		(10,000)		(10,000)		(510)		(667)		
Noncurrent liability		(52,088)		(69,192)				_		
Total Liabilities		(62,088)		(79,192)		(510)		(667)		
Net amount recognized	\$	(62,088)	\$	(79,192)	\$	16,433	\$	11,711		
Amounts Recognized in Regulatory Assets Consist of:										
Prior service credit		_		_		_		_		
Net actuarial (loss) gain		(30,843)		(43,097)		3,716		15		
Total	\$	(30,843)	\$	(43,097)	\$	3,716	\$	15		

(1) In October 2023, we entered into a group annuity contract from an insurance company to provide for the payment of pension benefits to select NorthWestern Energy MT Pension Plan participants. We purchased the contract with \$51.9 million of plan assets in 2023. A trailing premium of \$0.8 million related to final data reconciliation was paid from plan assets in 2024, reflecting a final annuitized participant count of 276. The insurance company took over the payments of these benefits starting January 1, 2024. This transaction settled \$51.9 million of our NorthWestern Energy MT Pension Plan obligation. As a result of this transaction, during the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, we recorded a non-cash, non-operating settlement charge of \$4.4 million. This charge is recorded within other income, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income. As discussed within Note 5 – Regulatory Assets and Liabilities, the MPSC allows recovery of pension costs on a cash funding basis. As such, this charge was deferred as a regulatory asset on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, with a corresponding decrease to operating and maintenance expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The actuarial gain/loss is primarily due to the change in discount rate assumption and actual asset returns compared with expected amounts.

Net Periodic Cost (Credit)

The components of the net costs (credits) for our pension and other postretirement plans are as follows (in thousands):

		Pension	Ber	nefits	Other Postretirement Benefits							
		Decem	ber	31,		Decem	ber	31,				
	2024			2023	2024			2023				
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost												
Service cost	\$	5,099	\$	5,105	\$	252	\$	272				
Interest cost		20,725		23,535		456		554				
Expected return on plan assets		(22,585)		(23,448)		(1,280)		(1,096)				
Amortization of prior service cost (credit)		_		_		_		116				
Recognized actuarial loss (gain)		33		228		_		79				
Settlement loss recognized ⁽¹⁾				4,395		_		_				
Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit)	\$	3,272	\$	9,815	\$	(572)	\$	(75)				
Regulatory deferral of net periodic benefit cost ⁽²⁾		4,850		(1,814)		_		_				
Previously deferred costs recognized ⁽²⁾						181		550				
Net Periodic Benefit Cost Recognized	\$	8,122	\$	8,001	\$	(391)	\$	475				

⁽¹⁾ Settlement losses are related to partial annuitization of the NorthWestern Energy MT Pension Plan effective October 24, 2023.

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 Service costs were recorded in Operating, general, and administrative expense while non-service costs were recorded in Other income, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

For purposes of calculating the expected return on pension plan assets, the market-related value of assets is used, which is based upon fair value. The difference between actual plan asset returns and estimated plan asset returns are amortized equally over a period not to exceed five years.

⁽²⁾ Net periodic benefit costs for pension and postretirement benefit plans are recognized for financial reporting based on the authorization of each regulatory jurisdiction in which we operate. A portion of these costs are recorded in regulatory assets and recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income as those costs are recovered through customer rates.

Actuarial Assumptions

The measurement dates used to determine pension and other postretirement benefit measurements for the plans are December 31, 2024 and 2023. The actuarial assumptions used to compute net periodic pension cost and postretirement benefit cost are based upon information available as of the beginning of the year, specifically, market interest rates, past experience and management's best estimate of future economic conditions. Changes in these assumptions may impact future benefit costs and obligations. In computing future costs and obligations, we must make assumptions about such things as employee mortality and turnover, expected salary and wage increases, discount rate, expected return on plan assets, and expected future cost increases. Two of these assumptions have the most impact on the level of cost: (1) discount rate and (2) expected rate of return on plan assets. During 2022, the plan's actuary conducted an experience study to review five years of plan experience and update these assumptions.

On an annual basis, we set the discount rate using a yield curve analysis. This analysis includes constructing a hypothetical bond portfolio whose cash flow from coupons and maturities matches the year-by-year, projected benefit cash flow from our plans. The increase in the discount rate during 2024 decreased our projected benefit obligation by approximately \$27.6 million.

In determining the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, we review historical returns, the future expectations for returns for each asset class weighted by the target asset allocation of the pension and postretirement portfolios, and long-term inflation assumptions. Based on the target asset allocation for our pension assets and future expectations for asset returns, we decreased our long term rate of return on assets assumption for NorthWestern Energy MT Pension Plan to 6.17 percent for 2025.

The weighted-average assumptions used in calculating the preceding information are as follows:

_	Pension B	<u>enefits</u>	Other Postretiremen			
_	Decembe	er 31,	December 31,			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Discount rate	5.60	5.00	5.45	4.90		
Expected rate of return on assets	6.65	6.44	5.84	5.62		
Long-term rate of increase in compensation levels (non-union)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		
Long-term rate of increase in compensation levels (union)	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00		
Interest crediting rate	6.00	6.00	N/A	N/A		

The postretirement benefit obligation is calculated assuming that health care costs increase by a 5.00 percent fixed rate. The company contribution toward the premium cost is capped, therefore future health care cost trend rates are expected to have a minimal impact on company costs and the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation.

Investment Strategy

Our investment goals with respect to managing the pension and other postretirement assets are to meet current and future benefit payment needs while maximizing total investment returns (income and appreciation) after inflation within the constraints of diversification, prudent risk taking, Prudent Man Rule of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and liability-based considerations. Each plan is diversified across asset classes to achieve optimal balance between risk and return and between income and growth through capital appreciation. Our investment philosophy is based on the following:

- Each plan should be substantially invested as long-term cash holdings reduce long-term rates of return;
- Pension Plan portfolio risk is described by volatility in the funded status of the Plans;
- It is prudent to diversify each plan across the major asset classes;
- Equity investments provide greater long-term returns than fixed income investments, although with greater short-term volatility;

- Fixed income investments of the plans should strongly correlate with the interest rate sensitivity of the plan's aggregate liabilities in order to hedge the risk of change in interest rates negatively impacting the pension plans overall funded status, (such assets will be described as Liability Hedging Fixed Income assets);
- Allocation to foreign equities increases the portfolio diversification and thereby decreases portfolio risk while providing for the potential for enhanced long-term returns;
- Private real estate and broad global opportunistic fixed income asset classes can provide diversification to both equity
 and liability hedging fixed income investments and that a moderate allocation to each can potentially improve the
 expected risk-adjusted return for the NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan investments over full market cycles;
- Active management can reduce portfolio risk and potentially add value through security selection strategies;
- A portion of plan assets should be allocated to passive, indexed management funds to provide for greater diversification and lower cost; and
- It is appropriate to retain more than one investment manager, provided that such managers offer asset class or style diversification.

Investment risk is measured and monitored on an ongoing basis through quarterly investment portfolio reviews, annual liability measurements, and periodic asset/liability studies.

The most important component of an investment strategy is the portfolio asset mix, or the allocation between the various classes of securities available. The mix of assets is based on an optimization study that identifies asset allocation targets in order to achieve the maximum return for an acceptable level of risk, while minimizing the expected contributions and pension and postretirement expense. In the optimization study, assumptions are formulated about characteristics, such as expected asset class investment returns, volatility (risk), and correlation coefficients among the various asset classes, and making adjustments to reflect future conditions expected to prevail over the study period. Based on this, the target asset allocation established, within an allowable range of plus or minus 5 percent, is as follows:

		NorthWestern Energy Pension		n Energy Welfare
	Decembe	er 31,	December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Fixed income securities	45.0 %	45.0 %	40.0 %	40.0 %
Non-U.S. fixed income securities	_			_
Opportunistic fixed income	11.0	11.0	_	_
Global equities	38.5	38.5	60.0	60.0
Private real estate	5.5	5.5	_	

The actual allocation by plan is as follows:

		NorthWestern Energy Pension		rn Energy Welfare	
	Decemb	er 31,	December 31,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Cash and cash equivalents	— %	— %	0.3 %	0.2 %	
Fixed income securities ⁽¹⁾	43.7	45.3	32.2	35.1	
Non-U.S. fixed income securities	_	_	_	_	
Opportunistic fixed income	11.1	10.6	_	_	
Global equities ⁽¹⁾	39.0	37.6	67.5	64.7	
Private real estate	6.2	6.5			
	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	

⁽¹⁾ While the NorthWestern Energy Health and Welfare plan allocation of assets as of December 31, 2024, between Fixed income securities and Global equities is greater than 5 percent different from the target allocation, the plan Investment Manager has 60 days to correct this deviation from the plan.

Generally, the asset mix will be rebalanced to the target mix as individual portfolios approach their minimum or maximum levels. The guidelines allow for a transition to targets over time as assets are reallocated to newly-approved asset classes of opportunistic fixed income and private real estate. Debt securities consist of U.S. and international instruments including emerging markets and high yield instruments, as well as government, corporate, asset backed and mortgage backed securities. While the portfolio may invest in high yield securities, the average quality must be rated at least "investment grade" by rating agencies. Equity, real estate and fixed income portfolios may be comprised of both active and passive management strategies. Performance of fixed income investments is measured by both traditional investment benchmarks as well as relative changes in the present value of the plan's liabilities. Equity investments consist primarily of U.S. stocks including large, mid and small cap stocks. We also invest in global equities with exposure to developing and emerging markets. Equity investments may also be diversified across investment styles such as growth and value. Derivatives, options and futures are permitted for the purpose of reducing risk but may not be used for speculative purposes. Real estate investments will consist of global equity or debt interests in tangible property consisting of land, buildings, and other improvements in commercial and residential sectors.

Our plan assets are primarily invested in common collective trusts (CCTs), which are invested in equity and fixed income securities. In accordance with our investment policy, these pooled investment funds must have an adequate asset base relative to their asset class and be invested in a diversified manner and have a minimum of three years of verified investment performance experience or verified portfolio manager investment experience in a particular investment strategy and have management and oversight by an investment advisor registered with the SEC. Investments in a collective investment vehicle are valued by multiplying the investee company's net asset value per share with the number of units or shares owned at the valuation date. Net asset value per share is determined by the trustee. Investments held by the CCT, including collateral invested for securities on loan, are valued on the basis of valuations furnished by a pricing service approved by the CCT's investment manager, which determines valuations using methods based on quoted closing market prices on national securities exchanges, or at fair value as determined in good faith by the CCT's investment manager if applicable. The funds do not contain any redemption restrictions. The direct holding of NorthWestern Corporation or any affiliate's stock is not permitted; however, any holding in a diversified mutual fund or collective investment fund is permitted.

Cash Flows

In accordance with the Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA), and the relief provisions of the Worker, Retiree, and Employer Recovery Act of 2008 (WRERA), we are required to meet minimum funding levels in order to avoid required contributions and benefit restrictions. We have elected to use asset smoothing provided by the WRERA, which allows the use of asset averaging, including expected returns (subject to certain limitations), for a 24-month period in the determination of funding requirements. Additional funding relief was passed in the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, providing for longer amortization and interest rate smoothing, which we elected to use. We expect to continue to make contributions to the pension plans in 2024 and future years that reflect the minimum requirements and discretionary amounts consistent with the amounts recovered in rates. Additional legislative or regulatory measures, as well as fluctuations in financial market conditions, may impact our funding requirements.

Due to the regulatory treatment of pension costs in Montana, pension costs for 2024 and 2023 were based on actual contributions to the plan. Annual contributions to each of the pension plans are as follows (in thousands):

	 2024	2023
NorthWestern Energy Pension Plan	\$ 8,122	\$ 8,000

We estimate the plans will make future benefit payments to participants as follows (in thousands):

	Pension Benefits	Other Postretirement Benefits
2025	24,575	1,680
2026	25,611	986
2027	26,608	845
2028	27,326	841
2029	28,027	755
2030-2034	147,401	3,400

Defined Contribution Plan

Our defined contribution plan permits employees to defer receipt of compensation as provided in Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees may elect to direct a percentage of their gross compensation to the plan. We also contribute various percentages of employees' gross compensation to the plan. Company contributions for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$11.6 million, \$10.3 million, respectively.

(16) Stock-Based Compensation

Our employees participate in the NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. Amended and Restated Equity Compensation Plan (ECP), which includes restricted stock awards and performance share awards. The remaining vesting period for awards previously granted ranges from one to three years if the service and/or performance requirements are met. Nonvested shares do not receive dividend distributions. The long-term incentive plan provides for accelerated vesting in the event of a change in control.

Stock-based compensation expense is allocated to us based on the outstanding awards held by our employees and our allocation of labor costs. The compensation cost is based on the fair value of the grant on the date it was awarded.

Performance Unit Awards

Performance unit awards are granted annually under the ECP. These awards vest at the end of the three-year performance period if certain performance goals are achieved and the individual remains employed by us. The exact number of shares issued will vary from 0 percent to 200 percent of the target award, depending on actual performance relative to the performance goals. Beginning in 2023, these awards contain service-, market-, and performance-based components. The service-based component of these awards, representing 30 percent of the award, vest at the end of the three-year performance period as long as the individual has remained employed over that term. The performance goals are independent of each other and equally weighted at 35 percent of the award, and are based on two metrics: (i) EPS growth level and average return on equity; and (ii) total shareholder return relative to a peer group. Performance unit awards issued prior to 2023 included both the market- and performance-based components discussed above.

Fair value is determined for each component of the performance unit awards. The fair value of the service-based component is estimated based upon the closing market price of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. common stock as of the grant date less the present value of expected dividends. The fair value of the performance-based component is estimated based upon the closing market price of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. common stock as of the grant date less the present value of expected dividends, multiplied by an estimated performance multiple determined on the basis of historical experience, which is subsequently trued up at vesting based on actual performance. The fair value of the market-based component is estimated using a statistical model that incorporates the probability of meeting performance targets based on historical returns relative to the peer group. The following summarizes the significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of performance shares and related compensation expense as well as the resulting estimated fair value of performance shares granted:

	2024	2023
Risk-free interest rate	4.38 %	4.33 %
Expected life, in years	3	3
Expected volatility	12.5% to 29.0%	30.4% to 41.0%
Dividend yield	5.6 %	4.4 %

The risk-free interest rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield of a three-year bond at the time of grant. The expected term of the performance shares is three years based on the performance cycle. Expected volatility was based on the historical volatility for the peer group. Both performance goals are measured over the three-year vesting period and are charged to compensation expense over the vesting period based on the number of shares expected to vest.

A summary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s nonvested shares as of and changes during the year ended December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Performance Unit Awards			
	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value		
Beginning nonvested grants	153,784	\$ 53.26		
Granted	150,704	41.13		
Vested	(60,830)	51.61		
Forfeited	(11,732)	48.12		
Remaining nonvested grants	231,926	\$ 46.07		

Retirement/Retention Restricted Share Awards

In December 2011, an executive retirement / retention program was established that provides for the annual grant of restricted share units. Awards granted before 2022 are subject to a five-year performance and vesting period. The performance measure for these awards requires NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. net income for the calendar year of at least three of the five full calendar years during the performance period to exceed net income for the calendar year the awards are granted. Awards granted in 2022 no longer contain this performance measure, instead these awards will vest after five full calendar years if the employee remains employed during that service period. No retirement/retention restricted shares were granted during the year ended December 31, 2023. Once vested, the awards will be paid out in shares of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. common stock in five equal annual installments after a recipient has separated from service. The fair value of these awards is measured based upon the closing market price of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s common stock as of the grant date less the present value of expected dividends.

A summary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.'s nonvested shares as of and changes during the year ended December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Beginning nonvested grants	60,779	\$ 47.91
Granted	_	<u> </u>
Vested	_	_
Forfeited	(9,983)	60.73
Remaining nonvested grants	50,796	\$ 45.40

We recognized total stock-based compensation expense of \$2.8 million and \$3.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and related income tax benefit of \$(0.6) million, \$(0.8) million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$6.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the nonvested portion of the outstanding awards at Northwestern Energy Group, Inc. A portion of these cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2 years. The total fair value of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. shares vested was \$3.1 million and \$4.4 million, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 respectively.

(17) Common Stock

We have 250,000,000 shares authorized consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock with a \$0.01 par value and 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a \$0.01 par value. We have 100 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

Dividend Restrictions

Under various state regulatory agreements, debt agreements and the Federal Power Act, we have restrictions, including minimum equity ratios, that limit the amount of dividend distributions that can be made.

Pursuant to the MPSC regulatory agreement, if our secured credit ratings are above BBB- for S&P Global Ratings and Baa3 for Moody's Investor Services, we may declare or pay dividends as long as our common equity ratio is 40 percent or above. If our secured credit ratings are BBB- for S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 for Moody's Investor Services, we may declare or pay dividends as long as our common equity ratio is 43 percent or above. If our secured credit ratings fall below BBB- with S&P Global Ratings or Baa3 with Moody's Investor Services, we may not declare or pay dividends.

Our ability to pay dividends is also limited by the terms of various debt agreements, pursuant to which, we are required to maintain a debt to capitalization ratio of no more than 0.65 to 1.00.

As of December 31, 2024, approximately \$784.6 million of our net assets were available for the payment of dividends under our most restrictive dividend restriction.

(18) Commitments and Contingencies

Qualifying Facilities Liability

Our QF liability primarily consists of unrecoverable costs associated with three contracts covered under the PURPA. These contracts require us to purchase minimum amounts of energy at prices ranging from \$118 to \$130 per MWH through 2029. As of December 31, 2024, our estimated gross contractual obligation related to these contracts was approximately \$229.0 million through 2029. A portion of the costs incurred to purchase this energy is recoverable through rates, totaling approximately \$205.8 million through 2029. As contractual obligations are settled, the related purchases and sales are recorded within Fuel, purchased power and direct transmission expense and Electric revenues in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The present value of the remaining liability is recorded in Other noncurrent liabilities in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following summarizes the change in the liability (in thousands):

		December 51,			
	2024			2023	
Beginning QF liability	\$	28,670	\$	49,728	
Settlements ⁽¹⁾		(7,606)		(24,707)	
Interest expense		2,434		3,649	
Ending QF liability	\$	23,498	\$	28,670	

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The following summarizes the estimated gross contractual obligation less amounts recoverable through rates (in thousands):

	_	Gross Obligation	Recoverable Amounts	Net
2025	\$	60,360	\$ 52,950	\$ 7,410
2026		55,393	46,274	9,119
2027		56,665	46,668	9,997
2028		42,400	41,664	736
2029	_	14,134	18,231	(4,097)
Total ⁽¹⁾	\$	228,952	\$ 205,787	\$ 23,165

⁽¹⁾ This net unrecoverable amount represents the undiscounted difference between the total gross obligations and recoverable amounts. The ending QF liability in the table above represents the present value of this net unrecoverable amount.

Long Term Supply and Capacity Purchase Obligations

We have entered into various commitments, largely purchased power, electric transmission, coal and natural gas supply and natural gas transportation contracts. These commitments range from one to 24 years. Costs incurred under these contracts are included in Fuel, purchased power and direct transmission expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income and were approximately \$189.5 million and \$217.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, our commitments under these contracts were \$264.3 million in 2025, \$312.2 million in 2026, \$300.2 million in 2027, \$298.9 million in 2028, \$302.6 million in 2029, and \$2.3 billion thereafter. These commitments are not reflected in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Hydroelectric License Commitments

With the 2014 purchase of hydroelectric generating facilities and associated assets located in Montana, we assumed two Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) existing with state, federal and private entities. The MOUs are periodically updated and renewed and require us to implement plans to mitigate the impact of the projects on fish, wildlife and their habitats, and to increase recreational opportunities. The MOUs were created to maximize collaboration between the parties and enhance the possibility to receive matching funds from relevant federal agencies. Under these MOUs, we have a remaining commitment to spend approximately \$19.1 million between 2024 and 2040. These commitments are not reflected in our Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES AND REGULATION

Environmental Matters

The operation of electric generating, transmission and distribution facilities, and gas gathering, storage, transportation and distribution facilities, along with the development (involving site selection, environmental assessments, and permitting) and construction of these assets, are subject to extensive federal, state, and local environmental and land use laws and regulations. Our activities involve compliance with diverse laws and regulations that address emissions and impacts to the environment, including air and water, protection of natural resources, avian and wildlife. We monitor federal, state, and local environmental initiatives to determine potential impacts on our financial results. As new laws or regulations are implemented, our policy is to assess their applicability and implement the necessary modifications to our facilities or their operation to maintain ongoing compliance.

Our environmental exposure includes a number of components, including remediation expenses related to the cleanup of current or former properties, and costs to comply with changing environmental regulations related to our operations. At present, our environmental reserve is estimated to range between \$6.2 million to \$10.8 million. As of December 31, 2024, we had a reserve of approximately \$8.1 million, which has not been discounted. Environmental costs are recorded when it is probable we

are liable for the remediation and we can reasonably estimate the liability. We use a combination of site investigations and monitoring to formulate an estimate of environmental remediation costs for specific sites. Our monitoring procedures and development of actual remediation plans depend not only on site specific information but also on coordination with the different environmental regulatory agencies in our respective jurisdictions; therefore, while remediation exposure exists, it may be many years before costs are incurred.

The following summarizes the change in our environmental liability (in thousands):

	 December 31,				
	2024		2023		
Liability at January 1,	\$ 8,438	\$	8,858		
Deductions	(416)		(1,084)		
Charged to costs and expense	71		664		
Liability at December 31,	\$ 8,093	\$	8,438		

We are permitted to recover the remediation costs related to certain environmental liabilities within rates. Over time, as costs become determinable, we may seek authorization to recover such costs in rates or seek insurance reimbursement as available and applicable; therefore, although we cannot guarantee regulatory recovery for all remediation costs, we do not expect these costs to have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Global Climate Change - National and international actions have been initiated to address global climate change and the contribution of greenhouse gas (GHG) including, most significantly, carbon dioxide (CO₂) and methane emissions from natural gas. These actions include legislative proposals, Executive, Congressional and EPA actions at the federal level, state level activity, investor activism and private party litigation relating to emissions. Coal-fired plants have come under particular scrutiny due to their level of emissions. We have joint ownership interests in one coal-fired electric generating plants, which is operated by Talen. We are responsible for our proportionate share of the capital and operating costs while being entitled to our proportionate share of the power generated.

EPA Rules - Congress has not passed any federal climate change legislation regarding GHG emissions from coal fired plants, and we cannot predict the timing or form of any potential legislation. Section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act (CAA) confers authority on EPA and the states to regulate emissions, including GHGs, from existing stationary sources. In April 2024, the EPA released final rules related to greenhouse gas (GHG) emission standards (GHG Rules) for existing coal-fired facilities and new coal and natural gas-fired facilities as well as final rules strengthening the MATS requirements (MATS Rules). In particular, the GHG Rules will (i) strengthen the current New Source Performance Standards for newly built fossil fuel-fired stationary combustion turbines (generally natural gas-fired); (ii) establish emission guidelines for states to follow in limiting carbon pollution from existing fossil fuel-fired steam generating electric generating units (including coal, oil and natural gas-fired units); and (iii) establish emission guidelines for large, frequently used existing fossil fuel-fired stationary combustion turbines (generally natural gas-fired). The MATS Rules will strengthen emission limits for acid gases, mercury, and other hazardous air pollutants from new and existing electric generating units. Compliance with the rules will require expensive upgrades at Colstrip Units 3 and 4 with proposed compliance dates that may not be achievable and / or require technology that is unproven, resulting in significant impacts to costs of the facilities. The final MATS and GHG Rules require compliance as early as 2027 and 2032, respectively.

Previous efforts by the EPA were met with extensive litigation, and this time is no different. We, along with many other utilities, electric cooperatives, organizations, and states, have petitioned for judicial review of the GHG and MATS Rules with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. The United States Supreme Court denied the multiple stay requests related to the MATS Rule and the GHG Rule. The litigation on the merits continues for both the MATS and GHG rules in the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals, and decisions are expected in 2025. On April 8, 2025, President Trump issued a proclamation, "Regulatory Relief for Certain Stationary Sources to Promote American Energy," exempting certain coal plants, including Colstrip Units 3 and 4, Big Stone Plant, and Coyote Plant, from compliance with the MATS Rule through July 8, 2029. If the MATS Rules and GHG Rules are fully implemented, it would result in additional material compliance costs. We will continue working with

federal and state regulatory authorities, other utilities, and stakeholders to seek relief from the MATS and GHG regulations that, in our view, disproportionately impact customers in our region.

These GHG Rules and MATS Rules as well as future additional environmental requirements - federal or state - could cause us to incur material costs of compliance, increase our costs of procuring electricity, decrease transmission revenue and impact cost recovery. Technology to efficiently capture, remove and/or sequester such GHG emissions or hazardous air pollutants may not be available within a timeframe consistent with the implementation of any such requirements.

Regional Haze Rules - In January 2017, the EPA published amendments to the requirements under the CAA for state plans for protection of visibility - regional haze rules. Among other things, these amendments revised the process and requirements for the state implementation plans and extended the due date for the next periodic comprehensive regional haze state implementation plan revisions from 2018 to 2021.

The state of Montana has developed and submitted to the EPA, for its approval, their respective State Implementation Plan (SIP) for Regional Haze compliance. While the state of Montana did not meet the EPA's July 31, 2021 submission deadline, it was submitted in 2022. The Montana SIP as drafted and submitted to EPA does not call for additional controls for our interest in Colstrip Unit 4. Until the SIP is finalized and approved by EPA, the potential remains that installation of additional emissions controls might be required at the Colstrip facility

Jointly Owned Plants - We have joint ownership in a generation plant located in Montana that is or may become subject to the various regulations discussed above that have been or may be issued or proposed.

Other - We continue to manage equipment containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) oil in accordance with the EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act regulations. We will continue to use certain PCB-contaminated equipment for its remaining useful life and will, thereafter, dispose of the equipment according to pertinent regulations that govern the use and disposal of such equipment.

We routinely engage the services of a third-party environmental consulting firm to assist in performing a comprehensive evaluation of our environmental reserve. Based upon information available at this time, we believe that the current environmental reserve properly reflects our remediation exposure for the sites currently and previously owned by us. The portion of our environmental reserve applicable to site remediation may be subject to change as a result of the following uncertainties:

- We may not know all sites for which we are alleged or will be found to be responsible for remediation; and
- Absent performance of certain testing at sites where we have been identified as responsible for remediation, we cannot estimate with a reasonable degree of certainty the total costs of remediation.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

State of Montana - Riverbed Rents

On April 1, 2016, the State of Montana (State) filed a complaint on remand (the State's Complaint) with the Montana First Judicial District Court (State District Court), naming us, along with Talen Montana, LLC (Talen) as defendants. The State claimed it owns the riverbeds underlying 10 of our, and formerly Talen's, hydroelectric facilities (dams, along with reservoirs and tailraces) on the Missouri, Madison and Clark Fork Rivers, and seeks rents for Talen's and our use and occupancy of such lands. The facilities at issue include the Hebgen, Madison, Hauser, Holter, Black Eagle, Rainbow, Cochrane, Ryan, and Morony facilities on the Missouri and Madison Rivers and the Thompson Falls facility on the Clark Fork River. We acquired these facilities from Talen in November 2014.

The litigation has a long prior history. In 2012, the United States Supreme Court issued a decision holding that the Montana Supreme Court erred in not considering a segment-by-segment approach to determine navigability and relying on present day recreational use of the rivers. It also held that what it referred to as the Great Falls Reach "at least from the head of the first waterfall to the foot of the last" was not navigable for title purposes, and thus the State did not own the riverbeds in that segment. The United States Supreme Court remanded the case to the Montana Supreme Court for further proceedings not inconsistent with its opinion. Following the 2012 remand, the case laid dormant for four years until the State's Complaint was filed with the State District Court. On April 20, 2016, we removed the case from State District Court to the United States District Court for the District of Montana (Federal District Court). On August 1, 2018, the Federal District Court granted our and Talen's motions to dismiss the State's Complaint as it pertains to the navigability of the riverbeds associated with four of our hydroelectric facilities near Great Falls. A bench trial before the Federal District Court commenced January 4, 2022, and concluded on January 18, 2022, which addressed the issue of navigability concerning our other six facilities. On August 25, 2023, the Federal District Court issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order (the "Order"), which found all but one of the segments of the riverbeds in dispute not navigable, and thus not owned by the State of Montana. The one segment found navigable, and thus owned by the State, was the segment on which the Black Eagle development was located. The State filed a motion to pursue an interlocutory appeal of the Order, and on January 2, 2024, the Federal District Court certified the Order for appeal to the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals.. Upon the State's motion, the Federal District Court certified the Order for interlocutory appeal to the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals. After briefing and oral argument, the 9th Circuit affirmed the Federal District Court's Order in full on March 4, 2025.

Following the mandate and remand, the District Court will resume jurisdiction to determine damages for the Sun River to Black Eagle Falls Segment of the Missouri River. If the Federal District Court calculates damages as the State District Court did in 2008, we do not anticipate the resulting annual rent for the Black Eagle segment would have a material impact to our financial position or results of operations. We anticipate that any obligation to pay the State rent for use and occupancy of the riverbeds would be recoverable in rates from customers, although there can be no assurances that the MPSC would approve any such recovery.

Yellowstone County Generating Station Air Permit

On October 21, 2021, the Montana Environmental Information Center and the Sierra Club filed a lawsuit in Montana State District Court, against the MDEQ and NorthWestern, alleging that the environmental analysis conducted by MDEQ prior to issuance of the YCGS air quality construction permit was inadequate. On April 4, 2023, the Montana District Court issued an order finding MDEQ's environmental analysis was deficient in not addressing exterior lighting and greenhouse gases and remanded it back to MDEQ to address the deficiencies and vacated the YCGS air quality permit pending that remand. As a result of the vacatur of the permit, we paused construction. On June 8, 2023, the Montana District Court granted our motion to stay the order vacating the air quality permit pending the outcome of our appeal to the Montana Supreme Court. We recommenced YCGS construction in June 2023 and placed the plant in service in October 2024. On January 3, 2025, the Montana Supreme Court ordered that the YCGS air quality permit be reinstated. The Court remanded the matter back to MDEQ for supplemental analysis regarding lighting and greenhouse gas emissions in Montana. YCGS is commercially operable with the reinstated air quality permit.

Other Legal Proceedings

We are also subject to various other legal proceedings, governmental audits and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In our opinion, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these other actions will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

(19) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Accounting Policy

Our revenues are primarily from tariff based sales. We provide gas and/or electricity to customers under these tariffs without a defined contractual term (at-will). As the revenue from these arrangements is equivalent to the electricity or gas supplied and billed in that period (including estimated billings), there will not be a shift in the timing or pattern of revenue recognition for such sales. We have also completed the evaluation of our other revenue streams, including those tied to longer term contractual commitments. These revenue streams have performance obligations that are satisfied at a point in time, and do not have a shift in the timing or pattern of revenue recognition.

Customers are billed monthly on a cycle basis. To match revenues with associated expenses, we accrue unbilled revenues for electric and natural gas services delivered to customers, but not yet billed at month-end.

Nature of Goods and Services

We currently provide retail electric and natural gas services to three primary customer classes. Our largest customer class consists of residential customers, which include single private dwellings and individual apartments. Our commercial customers consist primarily of main street businesses, and our industrial customers consist primarily of manufacturing and processing businesses that turn raw materials into products.

Electric Segment - Our regulated electric utility business primarily provides generation, transmission, and distribution services to our customers. We recognize revenue when electricity is delivered to the customer. Payments on our tariff based sales are generally due in 20-30 days after the billing date.

Natural Gas Segment - Our regulated natural gas utility business primarily provides production, storage, transmission, and distribution services to our customers. We recognize revenue when natural gas is delivered to the customer. Payments on our tariff based sales are generally due in 20-30 days after the billing date.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following tables disaggregate our revenue for the twelve months ended by major source and customer class (in millions):

December 31, 2024	Electric		Electric Natural Gas		Total	
Residential	\$	398.8	\$	110.2	\$	509.0
Commercial		409.0		59.9		468.9
Industrial		46.6		1.0		47.6
Lighting, governmental, irrigation, and interdepartmental		30.0		1.3		31.3
Total Retail Revenues		884.4		172.4		1,056.8
Regulatory Amortization		21.2		14.9		36.1
Transmission		97.1		_		97.1
Wholesale and other		7.5		36.9		44.4
Total Revenues	\$	1,010.2	\$	224.2	\$	1,234.4

December 31, 2023	Electric			tural Gas	Total	
Residential	\$	408.3	\$	136.1	\$	544.4
Commercial		431.4		73.7		505.1
Industrial		46.0		_		46.0
Lighting, governmental, irrigation, and interdepartmental		30.0		1.7		31.7
Total Retail Revenues		915.7		211.5		1,127.2
Regulatory Amortization		(103.8)		(15.2)		(119.0)
Transmission		78.4		_		78.4
Wholesale and other		8.0		41.6		49.6
Total Revenues	\$	898.3	\$	237.9	\$	1,136.2

(20) Related Party Transactions and Shared Services

Our parent, NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., is organized as a holding company. As part of a holding company we receive services and share costs with Northwestern Energy Group, Inc., and its other subsidiaries pursuant to an Intercompany Services Agreement (ISA) that became effective in 2023. The ISA was approved by the MPSC. We employ all or substantially all of the employees of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries and, in accordance with the ISA, will provide all employment related services to the parties to the ISA. Pursuant to the ISA, all rendered services are at cost. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the total amount of payroll related services provided to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., was \$39.3 million.

Additionally, pursuant to the ISA, when utility-related operating, administrative, and general costs are attributable to more than one entity within the holding company structure and are unable to be direct charged (Shared OA&G Costs), these costs will be allocated amongst the entities pursuant to a Cost Allocation Manual. The nature of these Shared OA&G Costs includes operations supervision and engineering, energy supply marketing, networking communications, information technology, human resources, accounting, legal, and other such administrative costs.

The services provided under the ISA are settled in cash amongst the parties each month.

PROPANE	MONTANA PLANT IN SERVICE - PROPANE							
		This Year	Last Year					
	Account Number & Title	Utility	Utility	% Change				
1	Local Storage Plant							
2	3360 Land and Land Rights	\$ 64,954	\$ 64,954	— %				
3	3363 Other Equipment	422,571	407,684	3.65 %				
4	Total Local Storage Plant	487,525	472,638	3.15 %				
5								
6	Distribution Plant							
7	3376 Mains	490,965	490,965	— %				
8	3380 Services	493,602	498,855	(1.05)%				
9	3381 Customers Meters and Regulators	33,429	33,429	— %				
10	3382 Meter Installations	_	_	-				
11	3389 Other Equipment	224,722	51,888	>300.00%				
12	Total Distribution Plant	1,242,718	1,075,137	15.59 %				
13	Total Propane Plant in Service	1,730,243	1,547,775	11.79 %				
14								
15	3107 Construction Work in Progress	_	_	-				
16	3117 Gas in Underground Storage	25,273	45,154	(44.03)%				
17								
18								
19	TOTAL PROPANE PLANT	\$ 1,755,516	\$ 1,592,929	10.21 %				
20								
21								
22	CONSOLIDATED	Decen						
23	PLANT IN SERVICE	2024	2023					
24								
25	Montana Electric	\$ 5,239,884,995	\$ 4,702,506,244					
26	Yellowstone National Park	25,659,606	23,530,558					
27	Montana Natural Gas (Includes CMP)	1,261,777,577	1,180,425,818					
28	Common	210,314,290	193,279,118					
29	Townsend Propane	1,730,243	1,547,775					
30	·	_	1,115,119,868					
31	South Dakota Natural Gas	_	262,937,110					
32	South Dakota Common	_	71,074,956					
33	Asset Retirement Obligation	29,957,389	35,151,999					
1	TOTAL PLANT	\$ 6,769,324,100						

PROPANE	MONTANA DEPRECIATION SUMMARY - PROPANE							
								Current
	Functional Plant Class		Plant Cost		This Year		Last Year	Avg. Rate
1	Accumulated Depreciation							
2								
3	Local Storage Plant	\$	487,525	\$	309,967	\$	300,998	1.90 %
4								
5	Distribution		1,242,718		854,187		826,275	3.45 %
6								
7								
8	Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,730,243	\$	1,164,154	\$	1,127,273	2.98 %
9								
10								
11								
12								
13				December 31,				
14	Accumulated Depreciation				2024		2023	
15								
1	Montana Electric			\$	1,813,548,024	\$	1,739,696,988	
1	Yellowstone National Park				13,118,320		12,038,251	
	Montana Natural Gas (Includes CMP)				451,826,784		435,603,710	
1	Common				63,662,277		53,580,007	
	Townsend Propane				1,164,154		1,127,273	
1	South Dakota Electric				_		384,514,178	
1	South Dakota Natural Gas						113,554,633	
	South Dakota Common				_		21,556,117	
	Acquisition Writedown				32,458,684		35,163,173	
	Basin Creek Capital Lease				37,193,802		35,183,325	
	IN 47				(3,217,616)		2,093,317	
	CWIP-Capital Retirement Clearing			L	(11,524,962)	_	(16,877,317)	
28	Total Consolidated Accum Depreciation			\$	2,398,229,467	\$	2,817,233,655	

PROPANE	MONTANA REGULATORY CAPIT	TAL STRUCTURE & COS	TS - PROPANE	
		% Capital		Weighted
	Commission Accepted - Most Recent	Structure	% Cost Rate	Cost
1				
2				
3				
	Effective Date : September 1, 2017			
5				
6		46.79 %	9.55 %	4.47 %
7	Long Term Debt	53.21 %	4.67 %	2.49 %
8				
	TOTAL	100.00 %		6.96 %
10				
11	North Western Commercian was the National Co. Comits Comment	wa aa a mwaxay fan Du		
12	NorthWestern Corporation uses the Natural Gas Capital Structu	re as a proxy for Propane		
13				
15				
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	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS				
	Description	This year		Last Year	% Change
1	Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents:				
2	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
3	Net Income	\$ 180,078,441	\$	194,131,555	(7.24
4	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:				
5	Depreciation and Depletion	147,975,406		179,874,970	(17.73
6	Amortization, Net	35,587,522		36,075,440	(1.3
7	Other Noncash Charges to Net Income, Net	7,046,126		10,610,312	(33.5
8	Deferred Income Taxes, Net	15,695,900		8,535,605	83.8
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustments, Net	1,970,244		(129,483)	>300.00%
10	Change in Operating Receivables, Net	4,548,357		25,423,506	(82.1
11	Change in Materials, Supplies & Inventories, Net	(6,710,218)		(7,177,502)	6.5
12	Change in Operating Payables & Accrued Liabilities, Net	23,887,716		(68,659,030)	134.79
13	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction (AFUDC)	(17,537,612)		(17,612,998)	0.43
14	Change in Other Assets & Liabilities, Net	(30,228,854)		79,866,995	(137.8
15	Other Operating Activities:				
16	Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies	(2,152,888)		(2,275,985)	5.4
17	Change in Regulatory Assets	9,340,746		36,795,341	(74.6
18	Change in Regulatory Liabilities	(35,364,509)		19,246,128	(283.7
19	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	334,136,377		494,704,854	(32.4
20	Cash Inflows/Outflows From Investment Activities:				
21	Construction/Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(484,972,274)		(566,864,445)	14.4
22	(Net of AFUDC)				
23	Investment in Equity Securities	(253,166)		(9,105,446)	97.2
24	Proceeds from Sale of Assets	_		_	-
25	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(485,225,440)		(575,969,891)	15.7
26	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
27	Proceeds from Issuance of:				
28	Issuance of Long-Term Debt	175,000,000		300,000,000	(41.6
29	Issuance of Notes Payable	_		_	-
30	Line of Credit Borrowings, Net	_		_	-
31	Proceeds From Issuance of Common Stock, Net	_		73,612,936	(100.0
32	Payments for Retirement of:				-
33	Repayments of Short Term Borrowings, Net	_		(92,403)	100.0
34	Repayments of Long Term Borrowings, Net	(100,000,000)		_	-
35	Line of Credit Borrowings (Repayments), Net	78,000,000		(132,000,000)	159.0
36	Dividends on Common Stock	(69,936,850)		(154,089,441)	54.6
37	Other Financing Activities:				
38	Distribution of Cash From NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc.	60,000,000		_	-
39	Debt Financing Costs	(792,992)		(4,109,961)	80.7
40	Treasury Stock Activity			731,249	(100.0
41	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	142,270,158		84,052,380	69.2
42	Net Increase/Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(8,818,905)		2,787,343	>-300.00%
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	23,642,693		20,855,350	13.3
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 14,823,788	_	23,642,693	(37.3

46 This financial statement is presented on the basis of the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory

47 Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts. As such, subsidiaries are presented using the equity

48 method of accounting. The amounts presented are consistent with the presentation in FERC Form 1, plus Canadian Montana

49 Pipeline Corporation and the adjustment to a regulated basis for Colstrip Unit 4.

50 On January 1, 2024, we completed the second and final phase of the holding company reorganization. NorthWestern Corporation (NW Corp)
contributed the assets and liabilities of its South Dakota and Nebraska regulated utilities to NorthWestern Energy Public Service Corporation, (NWE Public Service), and then distributed its equity interest in NWE Public Service and certain other subsidiaries to NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc., resulting in NW Corp owning and operating the Montana regulated utility and NWE Public Service owning and operating the Nebraska and South Dakota utilities, each as a direct subsidiary of NorthWestern Energy Group, Inc. Due to this reorganization, the prior period information included in these statements may not be comparable to the current period.

56

ch. 24			MONTA	NA LONG TERM DE	BT 2024				
						Outstanding		Annual	
		Issue	Maturity	Principal	Net	Per Balance	Yield to	Net Cost	Total
	Description	Date	Date	Amount	Proceeds	Sheet	Maturity	Inc. Prem./Disc.	Cost %
1									
2	First Mortgage Bonds								
4	5.71% Series (\$55M), Due 2039	10/15/09	10/15/39	\$ 55,000,000	\$ 54,450,000	\$ 55,000,000	5.71 %	\$ 3,158,845	5.74 %
5	5.01% Series (\$225M), Due 2025	05/27/10	05/01/25	161,000,000	160,075,635	161,000,000	5.01 %	8,585,842	5.33 %
6	4.15% Series(\$60M), Due 2042	08/10/12	08/10/42	60,000,000	59,623,329	60,000,000	4.15 %	2,502,562	4.17 %
7	4.30% Series(\$40M), Due 2052	08/10/12	08/10/52	40,000,000	39,748,886	40,000,000	4.30 %	1,726,280	4.32 %
8	4.85% Series(\$65M), Due 2043	12/19/13	12/19/43	15,000,000	14,905,880	15,000,000	4.85 %	730,647	4.87 %
9	3.99% Series(\$35M), Due 2028	12/19/13	12/19/28	35,000,000	34,807,797	35,000,000	3.99 %	1,409,343	4.03 %
10	4.18% Series(\$450M), Due 2044	11/14/14	11/15/44	450,000,000	445,072,899	450,000,000	4.18 %		4.35 %
11	3.11% Series(\$75M), Due 2025	06/23/15	07/01/25	75,000,000	74,563,893	75,000,000	3.11 %	2,581,777	3.44 %
12	4.11% Series(\$125M), Due 2045	06/23/15	07/01/45	125,000,000	124,273,156	125,000,000	4.11 %	5,530,890	4.42 %
13	4.03% Series (\$250M) Due 2047	11/06/17	11/06/47	250,000,000	248,778,070	250,000,000	4.03 %	10,644,517	4.26 %
	3.98% Series(\$50M), Due 2049	06/26/19	06/26/49			50,000,000	l		4.01 %
15	3.98% Series(\$150M), Due 2049	09/17/19	09/17/49		99,389,221	100,000,000	3.98 %	3,996,904	4.00 %
16	3.21% Series(\$100M) Due 2030	05/15/20	05/15/30	100,000,000	99,516,844	100,000,000	3.21 %	3,270,011	3.27 %
17	5.57% Series(\$239M) Due 2033	03/30/23	03/30/33	239,000,000	238,912,135	239,000,000	5.57 %	13,429,877	5.62 %
18	5.56% Series(\$175M) Due 2031	03/28/24	03/28/31	175,000,000	174,207,008		5.56 %		5.61 %
	Total First Mortgage Bonds			\$ 1,930,000,000	\$ 1,917,863,034	\$ 1,930,000,000		\$ 88,956,357	4.61 %
20									
21	Pollution Control Bonds								
	3.875% Series (\$144.7M), Due 2028	06/29/23	07/01/28	\$ 144,660,000	\$ 144,020,056	\$ 144,660,000	3.875 %	\$ 5,918,622	4.09 %
23									
24				\$ 144,660,000	\$ 144,020,056	\$ 144,660,000		\$ 5,918,622	4.09 %
25									
26									
27									
28									
29 30				\$	\$	\$ —		\$	
				\$ 2.074.660.000	e 2.004.002.000	£ 0.074.000.000		\$ 94.874.979	4 57 0/
31	TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT			\$ 2,074,660,000	\$ 2,061,883,090	\$ 2,074,660,000		\$ 94,874,979	4.57 %
32									
33				400					
34	,	lease which t	otal \$5,461,	499					
35									
36									
37									
38									
39									
40									
41									
42									
43									
44									
45									
46									
47									

Sch. 25					PRE	FERRED STOCK				
		Issue								
		Date	Shares	Par	Call	Net	Cost of	Principal	Annual	Embed.
	Series	Mo./Yr.	Issued	Value	Price	Proceeds	Money	Outstanding	Cost	Cost %
1										
2	Not Applicable									
3	3									
4	l l									
5	5									
6	6									
7										
8	3									
9										
10										
11										
12										
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26										
27										
28										
29	7									
30										
31										
32	TOTAL					0		0	0	

Sch. 26				СОММО	N STOCK							
		Avg. Number of Shares Outstanding	Book Value	Basic Earnings Per	Dividends Per Share	Retention	Marke	et Price	Price/ Earnings			
		1/	Per Share	Share	(Declared)	Ratio	High	Low	Ratio			
1 2 3	January	100	\$ 0.01				N/A	N/A				
4 5 6	February	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
7 8	March	100	0.01	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A				
9	April	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
11	Мау	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
13 14	June	100	0.01	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A				
15 16	July	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
17 18	August	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
19 20	September	100	0.01	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A				
21 22	October	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
23 24	November	100	0.01				N/A	N/A				
25 26	December	100	0.01	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A				
	TOTAL Year End	100	\$ 0.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
28 29 30 31 32 33	28 29 30 1/ Monthly shares are actual shares outstanding at month-end.											
34 35 36												

PROPANE	MONTANA EARNED RATE O	F R	ETURN - PRO	PAN	NE	
	Description		This Year		Last Year	% Change
1	Rate Base	\top				J
2 101	Plant in Service	\$	1,639,010	\$	1,538,370	6.54 %
3 108	Accumulated Depreciation	'	(1,145,714)		(1,107,396)	(3.46)%
4	The second secon		(.,,)		(1,101,000)	(00)//
5 Net Plant	in Service	\$	493,296	\$	430,974	14.46 %
6	Additions:					
	Propane on Hand	\$	35,213	\$	43,746	(19.51)%
8	141		25.042	ļ_	40.740	(40.54)0/
9 Total Addi		\$	35,213	\$	43,746	(19.51)%
	Deductions:		C2 020	_	75 447	(40.40)0/
11 190	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	\$	63,232	1.	75,447	(16.19)%
	Reg Liab (TCJA)	+	42,546	+	30,560	(0.00)0/
13 Total Ded		\$	105,778	_	106,007	(0.22)%
14 Total Rate		\$		\$	368,713	14.65 %
15 Net Earnin		\$	63,811	_	70,704	(9.75)%
	eturn on Average Rate Base	\perp	15.095 %	-	19.176 %	(21.28)%
	eturn on Average Equity	N	ot applicable	No	t applicable	
18						
19	Major Normalizing and					
20 C	Commission Ratemaking Adjustments					
21						
22						
23		N	one			
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29 Total Adju	etmonte	+		Ι		
30 Revised N		+				
	Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	+		\vdash		
	Rate of Return on Average Rate Base	+		\vdash		
33 Adjusted	Trace of Install on Average Equity					
34						
1						
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PROPANE		MONTANA COMPOSITE STATISTICS - PROPANE		
		Description		Amount
1				
2		Plant		
3				
4	101	Plant in Service	\$	1,730,243
5	107	Construction Work in Progress		
6	117	Gas in Underground Storage		25,273
7	108, 111	Depreciation & Amortization Reserves		1,164,154
8				
	NET BOOK C	OSTS		591,362
10				
11		Revenues & Expenses		
12				
13	400	Operating Revenues		996,032
14				
15	Total Operatir	ng Revenues		996,032
16				
17	401-402	Operation & Maintenance Expenses		837,514
18	403-407	Depreciation Expense		46,089
19	408.1	Taxes Other than Income Taxes		45,347
20	409-411	Federal & State Income Taxes		3,271
21				
22	Total Operatir	ng Expenses		932,221
23	Net Operating	Income		63,811
24				
25	415-421.1	Other Income		_
26	421.2-426.5	Other Deductions		
		BEFORE INTEREST EXPENSE	\$	63,811
28				
29		Average Customers		
30		Residential		544
31		Commercial / Industrial		77
32			1	
		AGE NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS	_	621
34				
35		Other Statistics		
36		Average Annual Residential Use (Dkt)		41.5
37		Average Annual Residential Cost per (Dkt)	\$	24.67
38		Average Residential Monthly Bill	\$	85.28
39				
40		Plant in Service (Gross) per Customer	\$	2,786

PROPANE		Montana Customer Information- Propane, 1/								
		Population			Industrial					
	City	Census 2020	Residential	Commercial	& Other	Total				
1	Townsend	1,787	544	77	_	621				
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9	Total	1,787	544	77	_	621				
10										
11										
12	1/ Customer populations re	epresent an average of	the 12 month period fr	om 01/01/24 through 1	2/31/24.					

Sch. 30	MONTANA EMPLO	YEE COUNTS 1/		
	Department	Year Beginning	Year End	Average
1				
2	Utility Operations			
4	Customer Care	154	151	153
5	Finance	56	64	60
6	Information Technology	102	95	99
7	Distribution	435	521	478
8	Asset Management	40	49	45
9	Transmission	322	261	292
10	Supply	132	126	129
11	Legal	22	10	16
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
	TOTAL EMPLOYEES	1,263	1,277	1,270
	1/ Consistent with prior years, part time employees have be	een converted to full-ti	ime equivalents.	

Sch. 31	MONTANA CONSTRUCTION BUDGET 2025 (ASSIGNED & ALI			_	
1	Project Description	То	tal Company	Т	otal Montana
2	Electric Operations				
	MT Distribution - Transformer Purchase New Connects	\$	13,722,000	\$	13,722,000
	MT Distribution - Wildfire Line Device Upgrades MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Autotransformer Upgrade		8,053,055 6,975,123		8,053,055 6,975,123
	MT Transmission - Capacity Miller-Stevensville A Line		6,232,913		6,232,913
	MT Transmission - TSR Wind Alkali Creek 161kv		5,405,763		5,405,763
	MT Distribution - New Manhattan Substation MT Distribution - Sub Capacity Hamilton North Sub		5,244,900 4,958,348		5,244,900 4,958,348
	MT Transmission - Sub Broadview Cap Replace 500kv		4,450,763		4,450,763
11	MT Transmission - TSR WAPA Belt-Monarch 100kv		4,394,819		4,394,819
12 13	MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Clyde Park Sub Rebuild		4,271,764		4,271,764
	MT Transmission - Capacity Great Falls Eastside-SE-Southside MT Distribution - Sub Capacity GTF SW Sub Bank #2		3,327,340 3,110,146		3,327,340 3,110,146
15	MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Broadview		3,091,256		3,091,256
	MT Distribution - Sub Capacity Belgrade West Bank #2		2,707,914		2,707,914
	MT Distribution - Pole Replacements Helena MT Transmission - Sub Capacity Broadview Bus		2,516,639 2,505,077		2,516,639 2,505,077
	MT Transmission - Sub Capacity Broadway Bus MT Transmission - Billings Wildfire Hardening		2,504,192		2,504,192
	MT Transmission - Missoula Wildfire Hardening		2,490,789		2,490,789
	MT Transmission - Butte Wildfire Hardening MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Richardson Coulee		2,457,449 2,369,340		2,457,449 2,369,340
	MT Distribution - Missoula Wildfire Hardening		2,343,439		2,343,439
24	MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Glengarry		2,183,455		2,183,455
	MT Distribution - Helena Wildfire Hardening		2,168,607		2,168,607
	MT Distribution - Sub Maint. Bozeman-E Gallatin Bank 3 MT Transmission - Sub Maint. Malta		2,165,409 2,077,306		2,165,409 2,077,306
	MT Transmission - Sub Capacity TSR Three Rivers 230/161		2,075,387		2,075,387
	MT Transmission - Sub Capacity GTF 230 Switchyard Expansion		2,072,200		2,072,200
	MT Transmission - Capacity Great Falls Southside-MT Refining MT Transmission - Great Falls Wildfire Hardening		2,049,519 1,998,748		2,049,519 1,998,748
	MT Transmission - Great Fails Wildlire Hardening MT Transmission - Havre Wildfire Hardening		1,996,746		1,996,746
33	MT Transmission - Bozeman Wildfire Hardening		1,995,911		1,995,911
	MT Distribution - Wildfire PSPS Mobile Generators MT Distribution - New Manhattan Substation Feeders		1,853,084 1,803,659		1,853,084 1,803,659
	MT Distribution - New Warmattan Substation Feeders MT Distribution - Sub Capacity Missoula Russel St Transformer		1,781,525		1,781,525
37	MT Distribution - Pole Replacements Great Falls		1,747,496		1,747,496
38	MT Distribution - Sub Capacity Lolo Bank Upgrade		1,683,239		1,683,239
	MT Transmission - Capacity Billings Broadview-Shorey MT Transmission - Lewistown Wildfire Hardening		1,556,105 1,499,430		1,556,105 1,499,430
	MT Transmission - Hamilton Wildfire Hardening		1,498,651		1,498,651
	MT Transmission - Helena Wildfire Hardening		1,496,274		1,496,274
	MT Distribution - Sub Capacity Ennis City Transf. Upgrade MT Distribution - Pole Replacements Lewistown		1,481,164 1,393,334		1,481,164 1,393,334
	MT Distribution - Bozeman Wildfire Hardening		1,381,997		1,381,997
46	MT Transmission - Sub Maint. SBRU Lewistown		1,240,893		1,240,893
	MT Transmission - Pole Replacements Lewistown		1,227,967		1,227,967 1,190,362
	MT Distribution - Wildfire Cutout Replacements MT Distribution - Pole Replacements Butte		1,190,362		1,009,975
	MT Transmission - Wildfire Reclosures Hamilton		1,000,000		1,000,000
	MT Transmission - Wildfire Reclosures Livingston		1,000,000		1,000,000
53	MT Transmission - Wildfire Reclosures Havre		1,000,000		1,000,000
54	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets		89,466,287		89,466,287
55	Total Electric Utility Construction Budget	\$	230,227,145	\$	230,227,145
56 57	Natural Gas Operations				
	MT Transmission - Capacity Helena Junction - Helena City Gate 1	\$	19,211,640	\$	19,211,640
	MT Transmission - Butte City Gate 1 to City Gate 3 Replace		13,794,047		13,794,047
	MT Transmission - Capacity North Helena Tie - Boulder Tap MT Gas Storage - Dry Creek Compressors		9,356,089 6.087.038		9,356,089 6.087.038
	MT Gas Storage - Dry Creek Additional Wells		5,202,628		5,202,628
63	MT Transmission - RIGTL Vaughn to Sun Prairie		4,355,397		4,355,397
	MT Distribution - Butte Base Gas One Upgrades MT Distribution - Gas Meters and Regulators New Connects		3,411,019 1,254,000		3,411,019 1,254,000
	MT Transmission - Frenchtown City Gate 1 Upgrade		1,029,234		1,029,234
	MT Gas Transmission - Missoula Landfill RNG		1,027,166		1,027,166
68	All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets	s	30,006,074	\$	30,006,074
	Total Natural Gas Utility Construction Budget	\$	94,734,332		
71					
72	Common MT Common Distribution AMI Matering and Infrastructure			Ĺ	11.278.506
	MT Common - Distribution AMI Metering and Infrastructure MT Common - Fleet Replacements				
75		\$	11,278,506 5,000,072	\$	5,000,072
	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101
76	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution	S	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032	s	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032
76 77	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800	s	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800
76 77 78	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution	S	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032
76 77 78 79 80	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS	S	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370	S	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370
76 77 78 79 80 81	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449	S	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449
76 77 78 79 80 81 82	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Worldorce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354	s	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HISI Solution MT Common - Business Technology Carage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget		5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt AI Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and biankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449	\$ \$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Worlforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spilliway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - CU4 Plant Upgrades		5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gens Sols hour overhaul	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spilway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - CU4 Plant Upgrades MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 88 90	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Billings Mechanics Garage MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gens Sols hour overhaul	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 90 91 92 93	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt Al Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and biankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Colstrip Land MT Generation - Colstrip Land	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 41,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,70 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,829,039 4,174,313 4,099,55 3,004,390
76 77 78 79 80 81 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 92 93	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS BE Gos Folk hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS BT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Lydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,345 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 90 91 92 93 94 95	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Worlforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - Cud Plant Upgrades MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Sas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,384 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 11,921,370 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189
76 77 78 80 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS BE Gos Folk hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS BT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Lydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 92 93 94 95 96	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt AI Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and biankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - Cu4 Plant Upgrades MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS F 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Uptrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Curbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Curbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5.000.072 4.879.101 3.896.032 2.382.800 1.921.370 1.352.354 1.012.449 9.156.445 8.796.195 6.821.530 4.174.313 4.099.545 3.004.390 2.487.189 1.857.131 1.852.763	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,852,731
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 944 95 96 97	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Hauser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,886,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,382,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,832,763 1,701,389 1,451,408	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,852,731 1,832,733 1,701,389 1,701,389 1,701,389
766 777 788 79 80 811 822 833 844 855 866 87 99 90 91 92 93 94 955 96 97 98	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt AI Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and biankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - Cu4 Plant Upgrades MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS F 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Uptrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Curbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Curbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro House Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade	\$	5.000.072 4.879.101 3.896.032 2.382.800 1.921.370 1.352.354 1.012.449 9.156.445 8.796.195 6.821.530 4.174.313 4.099.545 3.004.390 2.487.189 1.857.131 1.852.763	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,852,731
766 777 788 811 822 833 844 855 866 87 99 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology IRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt Al Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and biankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Colstip Land MT Generation - Hydro Holser Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Direction - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Direction - Hydro Houser Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Houser Direction - Hydro Hydro - Hyd	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,112,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,829,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 0,204,789 1,905,362 2,487,131 1,832,763 1,701,389 1,451,408	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,829,039 4,174,313 4,099,545 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,827,733 1,701,389 1,451,408
766 777 788 81 82 82 83 83 84 85 86 87 99 90 91 92 93 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology RRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - CL4P Brant Upgrades MT Generation - DGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Cenerator Rewind MT Generation - Hydro Thompson Falls Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headgate Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headgate Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Thompson Falls Unit 6 Generator Rewind MT Generation - Hydro Thompson Falls Relicensing	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,886,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,382,354 1,012,449 111,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,832,763 1,701,389 1,451,408 1,701,389 1,451,408 1,393,567 1,266,599 1,155,145	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,099,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,832,763 1,701,389 1,414,408 1,393,567 1,393
766 777 788 809 811 822 833 844 855 866 87 888 89 90 91 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 100 101 102 103	MT Common - Facilities Livingston Design and Construct MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology HRIS Solution MT Common - Business Technology Enterprise GIS MT Common - Business Technology Microsoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Wincrosoft Enterprise Platform MT Common - Business Technology Digital Workforce Mgmt All Other Projects < \$1 Million Each and blankets (Includes BT, Communications, Facilities, Land, Customer Service) Total Common Utility Construction Budget MT Generation MT Generation - Hydro Black Eagle Spillway Upgrade for Ice MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS Gas Gen 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - DGGS PT 50k hour overhaul MT Generation - Hydro Holter Unit 4 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Den falls Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Den falls Unit 6 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headset Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headset Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headset Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headset Unit 1 Turbine Upgrade MT Generation - Hydro Holter Headset Upgrade	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,886,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 11,647,024 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,079,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,832,763 1,701,498 1,451,498	\$	5,000,072 4,879,101 3,896,032 2,382,800 1,921,370 1,352,354 1,012,449 43,369,708 9,156,445 8,796,195 6,859,039 6,821,530 4,174,313 4,174,545 3,004,390 2,497,189 1,905,362 1,857,131 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,832,763 1,701,434 1,701

PROPANE	MONTANA SOURCES OF PROPANE SUPPLY									
		Dekathern	n Volumes	Avg. Commod	ity Cost (\$/Dkt)					
		2024	2023	2024	2023					
		Year	Year	Year	Year					
1	Name of Supplier									
2	AmeriGas									
3	Superior Propane									
4	Farstad Oil, Inc.									
5	Gibson Energy, LLC/Midstream	50,875	54,257	\$ 13.0870	\$ 15.1871					
6	Madison River Propane									
7	Total Propane Supply Volumes	50,875	54,257	\$ 13.0870	\$ 15.1871					

PROPANE		MONTANA	CONS	UMPTION AN	D REVENUES - F	PROPANE			
		Opera	Operating Revenues		Dkt	Sold	Average Customers		
		2024		2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
		Year		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	
1	Sales of Propane								
2									
3	Residential	\$ 556,6	91 \$	646,004	22,568	29,406	544	542	
4	Commercial / Industrial	439,3	841	502,170	27,425	23,654	77	75	
5									
6									
7	TOTAL SALES	\$ 996,0	32 \$	1,148,174	49,993	53,060	\$ 621	\$ 617	